LAKE SHORE OBSERVER

The police force of the British Empire, metropolitan, municipal, and naval, includes 210,000 men. Of these 27,000 are in the United Kingdom and 140,000 in India. If the village police in India be included, the number rises to 200,000, which makes for the whole an average of one policeman to every 371 people and to every sixteen square miles.

A Massachusetts court has just decided in a case where several people were killed on a railway crossing that the driver was responsible for his own death, because the engineer of a passing train would in no degree have been responsible. The two train mills give promise of running quite steadily.

One old acquaintance, Mr. Harold Frederic, with Hugh McCulloch, is with pained to English political movements, and a close observer of events, is willing to bet New York Times, give it to the anti-Parnellites that they will go in the next Parliament with twenty-five or thirty more members than they had in the last one, and the Conservatives will be the next largest party. The election has in the elections recently held thirty distinct benefactors strongly Liberal were carried by the Tory candidates, and that the Tory district in Liverpool was carried by a largely increased majority. The conclusion to be drawn from these elections, Mr. Frederic believes to be an irresistible one, and that is the Liberal party as a party has lost its grip upon the voters.

LAST Sun was the hottest day ever known in the city of New York. The thermometer registered from 100° to 104° in the shade in Chatham Square, and Morningside Park, Harlem Heights, and Riverside Park. Fourteen people died from the heat, and hundreds of the sufferers were carried home. Many others were prostrated, but only a few cases fatal. Deaths from sunstroke are reported, but only a few in number. The mercury ranged from 100° to 102° in the shade. At 1 p. m. Saturday, 111° was reported, 120° Manhattan, 111° with several cases of sunstroke. Hoboken 102° one fatal case of sunstroke. Burlington 100° with outdoor business entirely suspended, Rock Island, 98, 96° Quincy 102°, Rockford 102° and so on. At St. Louis the thermometer marked 106° at the street level. Over twenty fire cases of prostration by heat were reported, and many of the victims will die.

THE reports from the Colonies of Tasmania show that there is unusual healthy from epidemic diseases, particularly from Chagres and malignant yellow fever. Yellow fever is the great scourge of the European to tropical America. It is not indigenous to any part of the American isthmus, but when carried there is seen to flourish, and during thousands of Europeans have died from that cause. Panama being on a line of transit, and having thousands of Europeans there, has made it virtually the Pacific, and there it will probably remain, so long as its sanitation is neglected by the Panama Canal have ruled there from best that Chagres and yellow fever. What is known as Chagres fever is indistinguishable from yellow fever, and is often fatal from the latter has left vigor.

In addition to prominent newspaper men, sent to Mr. T. C. Crawford of the New York World Mr. F. G. Carpenter of the Cleveland Leader, and others of equal rank who have been or are at work on the memorials of Mr. Clark have been several stenographic reporters who had been employed in the work of the Grant and Vanderbilt trials. They have kept shorthand notes of all that has been said in the Clark room, and will be able to furnish the family with a complete report of the proceedings. The stenographers have been busy nearly all the time, and have not permitted the longest notes to accumulate. Mr. Clark has never been done in shorthand.

An application for a receiver for the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad Company was made in the United States Circuit Court in Chicago on Saturday by Mr. Wm. Thorne, a stockholder of the company. Judge Blodgett appointed Mr. Thorne receiver, and fixed his bond at $100,000. The petition sets forth that the company is insolvent, and that it has been unable to meet its obligations for some time past. The receiver was directed to continue the business of the company as usual.

It is stated on excellent authority that after the control of the Wood River road has been fully secured to the Central Iowa, the Rock Island will extend the line to Council Bluffs, and will thus secure a direct line to Omaha. The Rock Island has been desirous of securing a line to Council Bluffs for some time, and has been negotiating for the purchase of the Wood River road for that purpose. The Rock Island will also secure a line to Kansas City, and will thus have a direct line to the Missouri River at three points.

Mr. Gladstone has written a letter to the Duke of Argyll, in which he says that the Irish question is the most important that has ever been presented to the British Parliament, and that it must be settled before any other question can be considered. He says that the Irish people have been driven to desperation by the refusal of the Government to grant them the rights which they have been demanding for years, and that the Government must now grant them Home Rule or else prepare for civil war.

The Philadelphia Record says that the danger ahead from the continued colonage of silver and gradual demonetization of gold by the United States government will be obliged to pay its debts with silver. The day's silver dollar will be worth 60 cents, and the gold will be worth 100 cents. Therefore one has to pay 167 silver dollars to get the gold with which to pay a debt of 100 gold dollars. The Record says that the United States government will be obliged to pay its debts with silver. The day's silver dollar will be worth 60 cents, and the gold will be worth 100 cents. Therefore one has to pay 167 silver dollars to get the gold with which to pay a debt of 100 gold dollars.

Mr. Thomas Hughes is shortly to publish, through Macmillan & Co., a book entitled "Alfred the Great," which will be the result of many years' study of the life of that monarch. The book will be published in two volumes, and will be illustrated with maps and plans of battles, and with fac-similes of the coins of Alfred and his successors. The book will be published in two volumes, and will be illustrated with maps and plans of battles, and with fac-similes of the coins of Alfred and his successors