

him Obeisance, he putteth forth his hand, and taketh him, and kisseth him." But like Absalom of old, he will fail of his objects. The people of this enlightened age are not so easily to be tricked. Your unhallowed combination, with the Delegation of Duaneburgh will not avail you. The high spirited, and well informed Electors of that great town, are neither to be bought or sold—they have not forgotten you, friend Hanky. Your famous reply, to one of their distinguished citizens, who had requested of you, that some of the official patronage of the council of appointment might be extended to their Town, still tingles in their ears. At the close of the Election, you will have heart-rending evidence, that they are fit for something else, than to be mere *Petit Jurymen!* In your contest with Judge Titus, you obtained *forty four votes!* in that great town. How many more do you expect now! look to the issue! Rotterdam, and the first ward, can save you. Glenville, Duaneburgh, Niskayuna, Princetown, and the second ward will give imposing majorities against you. Prepare yourself for the result, and submit with a good grace, to your masters.

It is recommended to Mr. Professor Nott and Mr. Register Holland, when they again take an electioneering excursion, to leave friend Joel's *Hearses* behind. For should their pretty faces luckily escape detection, that would surely betray them.

POLITICAL CATECHISM.

Q. What is the chief end of the Yates?

A. To keep what they have, and to get what they can.

Q. To what party does Henry Yates, Jr. belong?

A. To the party without a name, but which is always represented by its standing Delegate and Chairman, David Boyd, Cashier of the Mohawk Bank, Notary Public, First Judge, and Politician Broker for the Office Merchants, Number One, Church-Street, at the sign of the cloven foot.

Q. How long is it since His Honor, Judge Boyd, expressed an anxiety for the success of the People's Party, in this county; and when did he get to be a Republican?

A. About three or four weeks since. He was extremely fearful, lest the People's Men should lose their ascendancy, and became a Republican about two weeks ago, on being informed by his Master, Henry Yates, Jr. that he wanted an office.

Q. Could Notes be discounted at the Mohawk Bank, between this and the Election, with greater facility than at any other time?

A. Yes, provided the Drawer would obtain some five or six endorsers, who were voters, and who would promise to vote the Director, General of the mint of Schenectady.

Q. Why is David Boyd particularly in favor of Henry Yates, Jr.?

A. He is fearful lest the Mohawk Bank Monopoly may be cast down, if his graven image be not sent to Albany to oppose the application for the Schenectady Manufacturers' and Farmers' Bank.

Q. When was the Letter of Henry Yates, declining a re-election for Mayor, dated? and when was it presented?

A. It was dated the 1st day of January, 1825, and presented some four or five weeks thereafter, when several ballots had been taken, and when it was ascertained that he could not be elected.

Q. What is Henry Yates, Jr. to do, if elected to the Assembly?

A. He is to make a Canal in Rotterdam, which is to touch every man's kitchen and barn door and pig sty—he is to retain the offices which he and his family now hold, by virtue of the great seal of Governor Hardenburgh, and is to get as many more as possible—he is to get his own canal damages paid, especially the damage occasioned by the Receder from the paper-mill; and afterwards the damages of all those who vote for him at the coming election—he is to get Isaac Riggs, made Printer to the State, so that he may sell more paper to him, and is to concert ways and means generally, to promote the interests of all the little Yates's, (those who have no brains included.) Finally, he is, as usual, to make many eloquent speeches; to defend the *Avacutive* from the *Army*, and to come home to the tune of *Three Dollars a day*. All important items of duty and responsibility, which his great talents and acquisitions, are alone able to accomplish. [We would advise him to take Judge Boyd along as Prime Minister.]

Q. What will become of all the little Yates's if the King does not succeed?

A. They will have to live without office, and get their bread as other men do, by their own exertions. (What a pity!)

Q. Who was Henry Yates for last year?

A. HIMSELF.
Q. Who is he for this year?
A. HIMSELF.
Q. Who has he always been for?
A. HIMSELF.

Q. Who will he be for next year?
A. HIMSELF. QUERIST.

History of the Royal Family.

"Pigmies are pigmies still, though perched on Aps,
And pyramids are pyramids in vales."

My paper is so crowded this week with matters important to the people, that I have scarcely room to develop at large, the character of the *Royal Family* of this county. I shall, however, devote a small portion of it to that purpose, for in truth it is time for the people of this county to awake and shake off their chains. They have been the dupes of the Yates's too long, and if there be one spark of Independence among them, they will, at the coming election, fan it into a flame that will consume the *throne* and the *diadem*, and consign to their native nothingness, these avaricious, craving, popularity seeking politicians, who are eternally crying with the *Horse-Leech*, give, give, give!!

Let us briefly see what have been and what are the claims of this family, and with what propriety they can ask for other offices.

They have, one and all, from their youth, been in public employ, and have grown rich, by the number and value of the offices which they have gained by a system of intrigue and management. Offices have descended from relation to relation so that no one bearing the name, has been unprovided with the means of growing rich.

One, after having been a Mayor Senator, and a Judge of the Supreme Court (all of which stations he disgraced from want of character and talent) must needs be a Governor, for which he was no better fitted than *Sancho Panza*.

After calling down upon his devoted head the ribaldry of the mob, the ridicule and contempt of every intelligent citizen, and the just indignation of a degraded people, he was thrown out of his ill-gotten power, either by the tacit or avowed consent of all, and retired into private life, the victim of his own ignorant and dolt-like measures.

Two others of the same name and race, are capable of a like description.

The one from the nature of his calling, escapes here a particular notice, though we cannot, for the sake of truth pass him by without remarking that he well *proves his stock*, being richly endowed with the family gift, *speculation*, which enters into all his calculations, whether concerning the *brain* or the *purse*. The other, after gaining many trophies on his own dunghill, has retired from the native field of his exertions, and wisely considering life a *lottery* has bequeathed the prizes in & about Schenectady to his brethren, and embarked upon a wider ocean of experiment where he and a whole batch of little Yates's are basking in the sunshine of *Cash*. He has now a *Lottery* of his own, and so, indeed, has the whole family, though it is to them a lottery of prizes only.

We now come to the last of the brotherhood, though he is not the least in feats of political dexterity and money catching. Our brother Henry may indeed be called the *Grenadier* of the family, because he has fought the most battles and decked the family crown with the greatest number of successful adventures. He is by far the most rigid in his devotions to aristocracy, believing that when he cannot gain power, it must be withheld from a particular class, denominated by him *interlopers*, but vulgarly called by his train bearers and scullions, *Republicans*. His maxim has always been "near is my shirt but nearer is my skin," or in other words, *I like those who like me, but I like myself most*.

His thirst for the good things of this world is insatiable; so much so, that like "a hungry dog he will sometimes eat dirty puddings," very careful however always to take his *catspaw*, (an honorable judge) to feel first whether or not they be hot. In a word, he has no idea of "coming for wool and going back shorn." So when upon camp duty, he is surrounded by his *armour bearers* who consist of the rising generation of the family whose chief qualities are summed up in the words, *wisdom, strength and beauty*.

Henry Yates, Jr. has indeed picked the public goose at a round rate—he has not even left the pin feathers. He has obtained by his management the best offices, of every party. We have only room to enumerate those which he has held, and those which he now holds, and their value.

1st. He was Mayor of the city of Schenectady, for eight years, connected with which, (being a councillor at law,) are various perquisites, yielding at least 300 dollars a year, amounting, during the whole period, to \$2,400

2d. He is Clerk and Treasurer of the Board of Trustees of Union College, and has held that office for at least fifteen years, for which he receives a salary of 200 dollars per year amounting to 3,000

3d. He has been Senator of the State of New-York, for eight years, which at 5 dollars per day, would be equal to at least, 500 dollars per year.

making, during the whole period, the sum of 4,000

4th. He was member of the State Convention, which at 75 days, which at 5 dollars per day, would amount to 375

5th. He was Scrivener to the Corporation when deeds and leases were given for the common lands which he managed to have sold. He received \$2 50 for each deed and lease, and \$3 for each bond and mortgage. He executed about 400 deeds and leases, which would amount to 1,000 and about 150 bonds and mortgages which would amount to 450

6th. He has been Attorney and Counsellor for Union College for fifteen years, which, at a moderate calculation, is worth 300 dollars per year, making, during the whole period, the sum of 4,500

7th. He has been Attorney and Counsellor during the same period, for the Mohawk bank, which is worth at least, the same sum 4,500.

8th. He has been a Judge of the Court of Common Pleas and General Sessions for eight years, which is worth at least, to him, (being a lawyer and living in the city) 200 per year, making, during the whole period the sum of 1600

Total \$21,825

Besides these Offices which, as it appears, amounts to the enormous sum of \$21,825, he has been for several years,

9th. A Notary Public. 10th. A Commissioner to execute the duties of a Judge of the Supreme Court. 11th. Director of the Mohawk Taropike. 12th. A Commissioner in the District Court of the United States. 13th. Trustee of the Lancaster School. 14th. Director in the Mohawk Bank. 15th. A Solicitor and Counsellor in Chancery, all of which latter offices have been the source of more or less profit to him.

Add to all this a very lucrative business as a Lawyer, having much public patronage and having it in his power to make many friends; and then let the people say if he may not be called the *Grenadier* of the family. And let it be remembered that these are only his successes, for to see his *avices* as it is, it must also be viewed in its *defeats*.

Here are a few of them:—

1st. He was an unsuccessful candidate for the Assembly, on the first organization of this county.

2d. He was an unsuccessful candidate for the office of Canal Commissioner.

3d. He was an unsuccessful candidate for a re-election as Mayor.

4th. He urged his pretensions upon both parties, unsuccessfully, as a candidate for the Senate, last year; and that honest man, after having read these facts, "will not in his heart trust, that after the coming election, he may, in truth add,

5th. He was an unsuccessful candidate for the Assembly, in 1825.

Thus we see how this family have controlled the offices of the county. Had we room we might comment much, but we have only space to call upon the honest yeomanry of this county to assert their rights at the polls. In a Republican Government it is unsafe, even to trust a man of talents and a correct politician with too much power; how very aristocratic and dangerous then, is it, to place the greatest possible variety of both Legislative and Executive patronage at the disposal of him who is not distinguished for his talents, and a disgrace to himself and the community to which he belongs, for his double-dealing, traitorous and self-interested political course.

Ingratitude.—Henry Yates, Jr. after receiving *Ninety-Nine* favors from Republicans, grumbles, because they will not confer upon him the *hundredth*; and that too after biting the hand which has lavished upon him, the wealth in which he now rolls.

Mr. RITCHIE—

I promised last week to attack with "sword and lancet," my very worthy friend and fellow-laborer, *Doct. Gergon*, but as time will not permit I must dispatch him for the present, by asking him a few questions.

1st. Do you really suppose that your "gorgon head" was not discoverable, although your "note appended" seems to have confused the pericranium of Dr. Riggs?

2d. From whence did you draw your definitions of a "patriot" from your professions, or your practice?

3d. How happens it that your communication from Glenville, does not, like your pills, operate "as a charm"?

4th. Where was the "sword and lancet" used that you speak of; in the wars of "Mars or Venus"?

When these shall have been answered I shall have more subtle questions to propound to the Doctor.

Yours, &c. GLENVILLE, Jr.

FOR THE MOHAWK SENTINEL.

FELLOW-CITIZENS—As the approaching Election is near at hand, it becomes every man, who regards the true interests of this county with a patriot's eye,

to look around, and learn if possible, the man best calculated to establish and preserve its credit. Many circumstances concur to render the present one, perhaps, of the greatest moment that has ever occurred since the organization of the Federal Government. What shall we think of that man, who strives through the medium of "base bribes," to corrupt the honest yeomanry of this enlightened county. Is there any man among you, who would barter away his liberty for the polluted gold of an aspiring demagogue? Should we not infer that that man who would willingly spend the considerable sum of FOUR THOUSAND DOLLARS, for the sake of an election to the office of Assemblyman, had some object to accomplish, which would furnish him, (if not more,) an equivalent adequate to the sum?

I ask you, Fellow-Citizens, if it is consistent with the character of Henry Yates, jr. thus to do? It cannot be for the sounding title of Assemblyman, for he has before had them that were far more gratifying to his insatiate vanity. It cannot, as every man who is acquainted with him will testify, be for the good of his country. For what then, let me ask, is this sacrifice?

Already has he commenced—already is his political emissaries s warming the country, in quest of prey.

"No place is sacred; not the Church is free; Even Sunday shines, no sabbath-day to thee."

It ought, by every man who would wish to remain free and independent, be considered as the greatest possible insult that could be heaped upon him, for any man, if he is deserving of the name, to ask for the purchase of his birthright. CINCINNATUS.

Mr. EDITOR—Living in a retired part of the town of Glenville, I have not an opportunity of informing myself so well upon political subjects, as some of the more favored of the community; and in fact I hardly know the distinction between Federalist and Democrat. In consequence of this, I always make it a point to vote for the man who appears to me best qualified for the office.

Having occasion a few days since, to go into the city, I was asked by a gentleman with whom I am usually in the habit of trading, who I should favor with my vote for Assemblyman at the coming election. I replied that I had not yet been so fortunate as to learn the names of the candidates nominated. He informed me that Henry Yates, jr. was the man. What! said I, Hank Yates, is it possible? he shall never receive my vote. But, said he, he has received a regular nomination, and his name is held forth along with that of Vrooman & Gaige. O! sacrilege, said I, it cannot be possible that they were all nominated by the same person. It is even so, said he.

Before this, I had some thought, being considerably advanced in years, of not attending the polls this year, but rather than see a man so regardless of every thing else, save that of his own aggrandisement & profit, as Hank Yates, elected to office, it seems to me that as old and enfeebled as I am, I could walk from here to the polls, barefoot, over broken glass bottles, to assist in preventing his election! and I hope and trust that every man who is mindful of the public good is of the same opinion. It is time this county should be represented by some person, who is actuated by something more than his own sinister views and purposes. Let every true lover of his country, go hand and heart to the polls to assist in putting down this wolf in sheep's clothing, and in saving this county from its threatened disgrace.

SEVENTY-SIX.
Glenville, Oct. 27.

It is rumoured that Henry Yates intends to be elected this year either by fair or foul means. His money is scattered in every part of the county, and his messengers dispatched in all directions. However it went do; money cannot make a man of him nor can the arts of his servants supply the place of honesty. The people know him as he is and that is all we want to insure him, an exemplary defeat.

'Tis too much proved that with devotions visage And pious action, we do sugar o'er The devil himself."

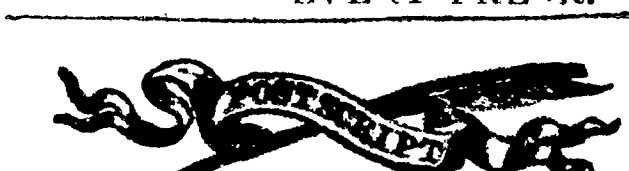
'Tis said that David Boyd, Cashier &c. folded himself in his cloak & journeyed to Glenville a day or two since. But his complacent smile and convenient shrug of the shoulders did not take with the honest farmers. One of them told us, he might better be a delegate from the first ward, than a missionary to Glenville. Do you know who our informant is, most potent financier? If you do, hide your head, and never more pretend, to honesty in politics, lest the public doubt your honesty in morals.

ONE WHO KNOWS.

PROSCRIPTION.

To the Independent Electors of the County of Schenectady.—I have been selected by the Delegates of the County Convention, held on the 22d ult. as a proper candidate for the office of Coroner, but the Regency of the Mohawk Bank and Union College, under the influence of Henry Yates, Jr. & co. have

seen proper to proscribe me, and substitute another name in my place. Are you willing to submit to their dictation? If you are, I cannot expect your support, at the ensuing Election. But if you will support the rights of the people, and the independent principles of our government, I solicit your suffrages at the ensuing Election. EVERT FREAR.



A rumour having gone abroad that ROBERT SANDERS, has declined standing as a Candidate for the Assembly, this is to assure the public that the report is false. Nov. 2, 1825.

ISAAC M. SCHERMERHORN,
JOHN M' MICHAEL,
S. W. JONES, } Committee

At a meeting of the County Convention, friendly to the rights of the people, held at the Court-house in the city of Schenectady, October 29th, 1825, for the purpose of nominating county officers, and to consider the nomination of Senator made by the District Convention.—Benjamin Lovett, Esq. was appointed Chairman, and Solomon Kelly Secretary.

The nomination of AMBROSE L. JORDAN, was cordially approved of, and unanimously agreed to be supported at the ensuing Election. Resolved unanimously, That

ROBERT SANDERS,

of the town of Glenville, be supported as a candidate for the office of Assembly for this county.

JOHN F. D. VEDDER,

of the town of Duaneburgh, for the office of Sheriff.

JOHN S. VROOMAN,

for the office of County Clerk, and NORTHROP J. SMITH, of Glenville,

JOHN WOOD, of Duaneburgh, DAVID MURRAY, of Princetown and SAMUEL WHITE, of Schenectady, for the office of Coroners.

BENJAMIN LOVETT, Chairman. SOLOMON KELLY, Secretary.

DUANEBSBURGH, Nov. 1, 1825.

Sir—Since my communication to John S. Vrooman, Esq. of yesterday, in which I declined standing a candidate for the office of Sheriff of this county, I have received more particular, and as I conceive, more correct information, as to the circumstances under which that nomination was made, and have, upon mature deliberation, determined to accept of said nomination, and will thank you to apprise the County Convention of this determination, and to give to it such further publicity as they may deem proper. Yours Respectfully,

JOHN F. D. VEDDER.

To Benjamin Lovett, Esq. Chairman of the County Convention. }

Republican Meeting.

At a respectable meeting held at the house of David M. Moore in the 2d ward, pursuant to public notice, on the 2d inst. Victor Putman was called to the chair, and John N. Barheydt appointed Secretary. On motion, resolved, that

Henry R. Wendell,

of the town of Niskayuna, be supported as a suitable candidate for member of Assembly.

JOHN F. D. VEDDER,

of the town of Duaneburgh, for Sheriff.

JOHN S. VROOMAN, of the 2d ward, for County Clerk.

JOHN C. BARHEYDT, of the 1st ward. EVERT FREAR, of the 2d ward.

WILLIAM S. HAGADORN, of Glenville. JAMES CANTLY of Duaneburgh, for Coroners.

Resolved, That the proceedings be signed by the Chairman and Secretary and be published in the *Sentine*.

Victor Putman, Chairman. John N. Barheydt, Secretary.

Resolved, That Richard Van Voast, Jacob Groosbeck, Ahasuerus Marcellus, David M. Moore, John Benson and William Van Vranken, together with the Chairman and Secretary, be a committee of correspondence.

TAKE NOTICE.

Whereas my wife ELLEN, has eloped from my bed and board, without any just cause or provocation. This is to forbid all persons from harboring or trusting her on my account, as I shall pay no debts, of her contracting after this date. THOMAS KILLEN. Schenectady, October 27, 1825.

NOTICE.

THE accounts of the late firm of B. W. Felthousen & Co. are left in the hands of Mr. Abel Ward for settlement. All persons indebted to the late firm, are requested to make payment to him, as he is duly authorized to settle the same. B. R. LYON. Schenectady, November 3, 1825.

BY order of the Honorable John Titus, a Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Schenectady, notice is hereby given to all the creditors of Henry Parlow, of Duaneburgh, in the county of Schenectady, an insolvent debtor, to shew cause, if any they have, before the said Judge, at his office in the town of Duaneburgh, in the county of Schenectady, on the seventeenth day of December next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, why an assignment of the said insolvent's estate should not be made, and his person be exempted from imprisonment, pursuant to the act, entitled "an act to abolish imprisonment for debt in certain cases," passed April 7, 1819. Dated this 2d day of November, 1825.