The Penn Yan Express

WEDNESDAY, JULY 5, 1922

THE HERRIN TRAGEDY.

There is not a Republican government in the county, where Herrin, Ill., the scene of the recent horrible tragedy—is located. The Constitution of the United States guarantees such a government, and that guarantee would be upheld if the Illinois State authorities had the courage to invoke Federal aid. But they haven't. Labor unions consider that they are above all laws, except those of their own making, and they have been permitted to act accordingly, and will contrive to be so permitted, until the people shall be so aroused in wrath as to demand and enforce a change. A few more Herrin tragedies may hasten such a change, and if so the attendant sacrifices would count as nothing.

A Washington dispatch, of June 28, says:

The State of Illinois will be "a disgrace" to the nation and should not be entitled to a place in the Union unless it takes prompt measures to punish the perpetrators of the killings at Herrin, Senator Myers (Montana) declared today.

The senator denounced the Herrin affair as "one of the most horrible and reprehensible that has ever disgraced the annals of this country," and predicted the downfall of the American republic if "such assaults on constitutional government," as he put it, were permitted to go unpunished.

"What is worse than the commission of the crime itself," said Senator Myers, "is the fact that the united populace of the county where it occurred seems to approve of it. The populace of Williamson county, Illinois, appears to be unitedly and 100 per cent. disloyal to the United States and its constitution.

"We have an instance of an entire county being in rebellion against the government of the United States and the Constitution and against the government of the State in which it is situated, and its constitution, of being disloyal to both Federal and State governments with no prospect of anything being done to remedy that.

"There is little room to talk about lynch law in the South, as long as this sort of thing is permitted to go unpunished in other sections of the country. There is little use to talk about the atrocities of the Turks upon the Armenians as long as things of this kind can happen in this country, without any apparent punishment for it.

"If this is to go unpunished, the failure of the officers who neglect their duty will be worse than the commission of the crime itself, and I see no indication of any intention on the part of the officials of the county in which this occurred, or of the officials of the State of Illinois to mete out any punishment to the perpetrators of this crime.

"I predicted Saturday the probability there would be no punishment for the offense; I again predict it. And if nothing is done to remedy this matter and vindicate the law, either by Federal or State officials, I predict that it is going to create one of the greatest and most powerful waves of indignation among law-abiding people that this country has ever known.

"If the officials of the State of Illinois do nothing more than they have apparently done already, to uphold the dignity of the law, if they do nothing to punish this atrocious assault upon constitutional government and upon lives and persons of others, the State of Illinois will not be entitled to a place in the Union and will be a disgrace to the union."

WILLIAM H. SEWARD.

It must be remembered that William H. Seward, of Auburn, N. Y., was a strong competitor for the Presidential nomination. Lincoln, following his election, selected Seward as Secretary of State.

Before Lincoln's inauguration the war was on. Southern States had decided through convention to withdraw from the union. United States arms and ammunition had been seized.

The South, it is inferred by historians, was encouraged in these delinquencies by Seward, who seemed to be attending to the functions of other departments without due authority.

Seward was an intriguer. He nearly got us into war with England, whose statesmen presumed he was backed by Lincoln, when, in fact, Seward was moving unworthily and without the knowledge of Lincoln.

The above recently appeared in a near-by daily.

In our judgment it is as untrue as the recent declarations of the United Confederates that Abraham Lincoln was responsible for the Rebellion. Both are perniciously false, and the historians (?) who have emitted such stuff deserve to be severely rebuked.

History should be true, and those who pervert it for sinister purposes, and thus delude rising generations, commit a very serious offense. But it is an offense that appears to be obtaining, with little effort on the part of the press to check it, while some papers, for incomprehensible reasons, are abetting it.

William H. Seward, who was a resident of Auburn, N. Y., was one of the ablest Secretaries of State this country has ever had, and he was thoroughly loyal to his chief.

During the Civil War it required great tact and wisdom to keep certain European countries, and notably England and France, from recognizing the Southern Confederacy, and Lincoln and Seward, working harmoniously, succeeded in avoiding any pretexts for interference on the part of our European enemies.

This was particularly manifested in the Trent Affair case, when, Nov. 8, 1861, the San Jacinto, in command of Admiral Charles Wilkes, intercepted the British steamer Trent and took as prisoners the Confederae Commissioners Mason and Slidell, who were on their way to France to negotiate for a loan to the Confederacy and to stimulate activity in the fitting out of rebel privateers, to prey on our ocean commerce. England made haste in her demands upon this government for the release of the prisoners and a disavowment of the act of their seizure. The popular sentiment of this country was against a surrender, but Lincoln and Seward recognized the fact that a serious mistake had been made, and promptly disavowed the act and released the prisoners, and thus saved our country from what, otherwise, might have imperiled the Union cause.

If William H. Seward had been as disloyal as charged, in the above, does any intelligent person doubt that President Lincoln would have ousted him from the Cabinet?

THE CARNEGIE HOMESTEAD STRIKE.

Employers occasionally have hired men to shoot workers, as in the famous Carnegie Homestead strike. — Arthur Brisbane.

Arthur Brisbane is a great writer. What he does not know about history from the beginning of the world, all the way down, would not fill a small primer. But, in regard to our own history, he frequently distorts, for reasons more or less obvious.

The above is a specimen. Employers have not hired men to shoot workers, and they were not thus employed in the Homstead strike.

They were hired to protect the property of their employers from threatened assault and destruction.

And conspicuously so it was in the Homestead strike.

The employers barricaded their property and hired men to defend it.

This they had a perfect right to do.

And there would have been no shooting if the strikers had not marched on the Homestead Works with felonious intent.

At that time the Democrats had a small majority in the U. S. Senate, and as the Homestead men based their strike on the claim that they were underpaid, the Democratic leaders thought that they could make political capital out of an investigation.

So one was ordered. The investigators went to Homestead, confident that they would be able to secure evidence that the strikers have not been receiving fair wages. But they were completely discomfited, as the last pay-roll of the men, with their receipts attached, showed that they were well paid, and that the strike leader had been receiving about $4,000 a year. The only poorly recompensed men were the "helpers," and they received their pay from the men they helped.

The investigating committee was greatly nonplussed by the evidence elected, which was more of a boomerang than a political capitalizer.

RANK INCONSISTENCY.

The inveighing of the Democrats against the recent decision of the U. S Supreme Court, declaring that the Federal Child Labor Law was unconstitutional, is the rankest kind of inconsistency.

In most of the Northern States the employment of children is regulated by State statutes.

There are no such laws in the South, and prior to the enactment of the law, which the Supreme Court decided to be unconstitutional, children were employed in mills, shops, and factories, worked long hours, and were poorly paid.

The textile employees in the New England States have been on strike several months, in resistance to a 20 per cent. decrease in their wages which operators say is necessary to enable them to compete with Southern mills.

Gompers encouraged this strike, denouncing the proposed decrease as outrageous, but he does not utter a peep or raise a finger to improve labor conditions in the South.

The Federal Child Labor Welfare Law was stoutly opposed by Democratic members of Congress, and the Court action to have the law declared unconstitutional was commenced and prosecuted by Southern mill owners, who desired a restoration of former labor conditions. They have succeded, for the time being, but they denounce the Court for giving them what they contended for, and Gompers, who, apparently, is becoming more of a Democrat than a labor leader, joins in their hue and cry.

Sam should expend more of his time and energy in attempting to uplift the benighted South as to labor conditions, particularly as regards children, instead of denouncing Courts and fomenting trouble in the North, where labor conditions were never before as good as they have been since the commencement of the world war.

SHOULD BE REBUKED.

A labor union leader in Hornell said on Friday last:

We will go out 99 per cent. strong. All that we ask of the Erie if they import men here to take jobs is that they keep these men on Erie property and not let them roam about the city. If they keep them on Erie property we know where they are and the Erie knows where they are; if they are allowed to leave Erie property trouble is bound to follow. The Erie warns us to keep off their property and this we will adhere to. Our men will be instructed to keep off Erie property altogether.

That is fool talk. It is more than that. It is incendiary, and should not be permitted to go unrebuked.

There is a difference—a broad difference—between railroad property and the public streets. Behaving people, whether imported or exported, have a right to go on the latter, and it is the duty of officials to protect them in that right, and to arrest promptly all hellions who assail them. Railroad property is different. It is, to a certain extent, private property, and no one has the right to invade it, without the owners' consent. But, if the strike should continue, it will not be long before such property is invaded by the strikers, with felonious intent, if we may rightfully judge from history. Did the strikers keep away from the Homestead property, or from the mine at Herrin, Ill.?

The Hornell press should scathingly rebuke the utterer of the above. But it probably won't. Most papers are too cowardly to do that. They might lose subscribers.

UNACCOUNTABLE EXCEPTIONS.

Adjustment of the entire Mexican debt to foreigners, whether direct or indirect, amounting to nearly three-quarters of a bilion dollars, that has been agreed on, will, when ratified, bring the Obregon government to the threshold of recognition by the United States.—Ex.

Just why our government should base its recognition of Mexico upon its adjustment of its indebtedness to foreign countries, is beyond our comprehension. It seems to us that that is a matter that does not rightfully concern us, and that it would be far better for the United States to be more concerned about the indebtedness of foreign countries to the United States.

But, for some unaccountable reason our government considers Mexico and Russia as exceptions.

The Allies insist that the latter shall pay all her foreign debts, but they are not making any agreements in regard to the payment of about $11,000,000,000, which they owe this country.

Whitewash over Blood.

The United Mine Workers of America are absolved from the bloody slaughter at the mine in Williamson county, Illinois. Their escutcheon is freed from the red spot of murder; they are the righteous in defense of their rights. Upon the officials of the coal company, whose non-union miners were massacred in the most frightful crime of the century, and upon the superintendent, a victim of the union mob, is placed the blame. So finds a coroner's jury, comprised of three union miners and three business men subject to the union.

Were it not that the slaughter of the non-union men is one of the most disgraceful blots on the history of the nation, the verdict of the coroner's jury would be laughable. The murdered superintendent shot a union man who was prowling about the mine property and the reprisals were swift and thorough. Because he was protecting the property, with the safety of which he was charged, he is to blame for the red slaughter that followed when unarmed prisoners who had surrendered were butchered. The company officials who recognized the constitutional rights of all men to labor are the criminals, says the coroner's jury. The score of non-union miners who were foully massacred "came to their deaths by gunshot wounds at the hands of persons unknown." And the real murderers will remain "unknown," for there will be no effort on the part of the Williamson authorities to bring them to justice. Nor on the part of the mine union men upon which the crime reflects.

The coat of whitewash has been applied, but through it will be visible to the rest of the nation the red blot that cannot be washed clean.—Syracuse Post-Standard.

The kidnapping by Mexican bandits of forty American employes of the Cortez Oil Company, and holding them for ransom has created great excitement in the Washington official circles, and there is talk of sending a punitive expedition into Mexico, etc. Perhaps it would be wiser to give the Mexican government reasonable time to rescue the American prisoners and to punish their captors. And, in the meantime, our government could take some notice of the far more horrible event on our soil—the tragedy at Herrin, Ill., where scores of American were butchered with savage cruelty by coal miners on strike and their sympathizers.

In every State, where the so-called Progressives, whatever they may be, have succeeded in nominating candidates for Governor or U. S. Senator the Old Guard, Stalwarts, Reactionaries, etc., have quickly announced their intention of giving support to the nominees. It is to be hoped that such editvences of party loyalty will reform the reformers, who have been wont to kick at elections when they have failed to have their own way. Destruction is easy; construction more difficult. This is true in all affairs, politics not excepted. Unity is, therefore, a vital necessity of up-building.

First Prize Mayonnaise—Best ever.

LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE

CANANDAIGUA LAKE

—This is a great cherry year. Many bushels of the fine fruit is going to waste because of lack of market.

—The boats are making regular round trips every day now, leaving Woodville, at 7 a. m., and Canandaigua at 4 p. m., excepting on Sunday. A boat will leave Canandaigua at 9.30 a. m., and Woodville at 4 p. m. We have the best boat service of any of the Finger Lakes.

—But little damage was done along the lake during the recent heavy rains. Water is unusually high at present writing.

—"Bonnie Brae," formerly the Miller home, is being fixed up and suitable cottage furnishings put in and will soon be offered for rent. Its nearness to Oak Ridge Landing on east shore makes it a desirable location.

—Ed Wetmore has decided he must put up "no parking" signs at Oak Ridge, as there is not room for the cars of guests to Camp Tarlon, the Boy Scout camp on Bush Point, and cars of pinicers and his own guests. It being the end of the road, there must be room for cars to turn around. Therefore, parking of cars in the limited space will not be allowed.

BRANCHPORT AND VICINITY

—This seems to be a exceptionally good year for crows. They are as numerous and vociferous as politicians after a lot job. They waged war on the early cherries, and will probably go after other fruits later if the gunmen do not shoot and hang up some of their black bodies in warning to the other "caws."

—The Hartshorn property in east Jerusalem was recently sold to Geo. Pacillalli and brother, of Elkland, Pa. They are the head of the Elkland Leather Company. On the real estate of 150 acres there are a large fine house, two large barns, four silos, 150 sheep and other stock which goes with the stock. The original owner of this place was Isaac Hartshorn, who accumulated quite a fortune for those days. He was known far and wide for many sterling traits of character.

Phillip Wheeler, a well known carpenter and architect, was a recent visitor in Jerusalem, where he lived most of his life thus far. He is now at Toledo, Ohio.

—The young son of Mr. and Mrs. James Sherwood was recently taken to a hospital for an operation. Cause —appendicitis.

—Wm. A. Randall has a curious freak in a three-legged Minorca chicken.

—Mr. and Mrs. Paul Garrett, of New York, have arrived at their summer home on Bluff Point, for the season. The community where Mr. and Mrs. Garrett make their summer residence are very fortunate in having such good and intelligent people in the region.

—Mrs. Agnes Randall met with an accident a short time ago, by stumbling against a plank that tilted up, as she was walking over a small bridge, by which she was thrown off the bridge and badly injured.

—A hold-up is reported as having taken place recently in what is known as "the hemlocks," on the north side of the Big Gully. It is related that, as the young lady teacher in the "Shanty Plain" district, was riding on horseback through the woods referred to, a young masculine rush out and seized her horse and attempted to pull her off, but fortunately she rapped him in the face and escaped. It is reported that the assailant has since been apprehended, but there seems no positive proof of this.—Cor. Hammondsport Herald.

BELLONA

—Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Coleman and daughters, of Buffalo, spent several days last week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Coleman.

—Mr. and Mrs. Harry J. Speck and daughters, Lois and Marjorie, and Miss Rena Bradley and Mr. Donald Roach, of Rochester, spent Sunday with Mr. Speck's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Speck.

—Last Wednesday Mrs. Sarah Maginnes and cousin, Miss Clara T. Fisk, and Mrs. Eloise Hebbard, of Rochester, were callers of Mr. and Mrs. Speck.

—The color scheme in the decorations of the Methodist church last Sunday morning in commemoration of the Fourth of July was red roses, white lilies, and blue canterbury bells. It was also communion Sunday.

—Next Sunday the Men's Class will take their annual outing at the lake. They will start immediately after the morning service. Each member is requested to bring cup and fork, and may make the choice of bringing cake, sandwiches, pickles or salad. Dr. Thatcher, of Geneva, will address the class.

—Choir practice in the Presbyterian church next Thursday night as usual.

—On Tuesday of this week, Helen Barnes and Louise Black started for Douglass, Kansas, to visit the family of Allie Black.

—Mr. and Mrs. Humiston, of New York, are spending several days with Mr. and Mrs. Comstock.

Methodist Church Notes

—Sunday, July 9th—Divine worship at 10.30 a. m., with sermon by the pastor. As announced last Sunday, we expect to have with us for this service a male quartette from Naples, N. Y., to assist. The quartette is composed of a father and three sons, and the pastor's family will vouch for the quality of the music, which they will provide. Plan to be present and bring your friends and neighbors who enjoy hearing the good old gospel songs heartily sung by male voices. Sunday school will convene immediately after the morning service. There is a place for you, and a hearty welcome. Do not send a substitute. Come yourself! Epworth and Junior League at 6.30 p. m.

—The union evening service will be held in this church at 7.30 p. m. The service will be given over to the installation of the recently elected officers of the Epworth League. Rev. W. C. Chamberlain, pastor of the Methodist church at Gorham, will be present to deliver the installation sermon. A special invitation has been given to the Gorham Epworth League to be present at this service as guests of our own local chapter. The male quartette from Naples will be present in the evening to assist in the service. Let us make this a memorable event. Your share—to attend and bring others with you.

RUSHVILLE

—The Rushville Masonic Lodge is making a canvass of its members for subscriptions to the building fund to the new Masonic Temple it hopes to erect. The canvass is only about one-third completed, but the committee has raised more than $1000. The members are responding liberally. The new building will be erected on the corner of Main and Gilbert streets. It would mean a big improvement in that portion of the village.

—The missionary societies of Rushville Methodist church have completed reorganization and will merge into one society, to be known as the Women's Missionary Society. At each monthly meeting a supper will be served. The suppers will be in charge of five women, chosen in alphabetical order. The next meeting will be featured by the opening of mite boxes and a public supper. The officers chosen for the ensuing year are as follows: President, Mrs. M. J. Wilson; first vice-president, Mrs. William Savage; second vice-president, Mrs. Anna Fake; treasurer, Miss Helen Jones; assistant treasurer, Mrs. J. H. Adamson; recording secretary, M. E. Thomas; corresponding secretary, Mrs. P. H. Voorhees. The following committees have been appointed: Music, Mrs. A. N. Twitchell; membership, Mrs. A. Baldwin, Mrs. Fred Bardwell, Miss Hazel Voorhees; assistant collectors, Mrs. Nellie Wilbur, Mrs. Fake, Mrs. Thomas Jackson, Mrs. Anna Emory; periodicals, Mrs. Savage; supper, Mrs. J. H. Wilkin, Mrs. Bert Walther, Mrs. C. A. Lazarus; programs, July, Mrs. Wilson; August, Mrs. Baldwin; September, Mrs. Corbit; October, Mrs. W. R. Fitch; November, Mrs. William Holbrook; December, Mrs. Inez Johnson; January, Mrs. C. A. Lazarus; February, Mrs. Wilson Fitch; March, Mrs. VanEpps; April, Mrs. Mabel Fitch; May, Mrs. Fred Bennett; June, Mrs. M. J. Wilson. Miss Jones was appointed chairman of the suitcase committee and Mrs. N. B. Fisher chairman of the mite box committee.

BENTON CENTER

—The following services will be held in the Baptist church next Sunday: Preaching by the pastor, at 10.30 a. m. Subject: 'Communion Thoughts,' preceded by a sermonette for boys and girls. Communion at the close. Bible school at 11.45 a. m. Christian Endeavor meeting at 6.45 p. m. Leader, Leslie Corbin. Topic: "How to Get the Blessings of Freedom." Preaching at 7.30 p. m. Union service. Subject: "Jehovah's Universal Knowledge."

—At the Methodist Episcopal church next Sunday, the Rev. J. N. Eberly will preach at 10.30 a. m. The Bible school will meet at 11.45 a. m., and at 7.30 p. m., the congregation will join the union service at the Baptist church.

—The thirty-sixth annual reunion of the Goundry family was held last Thursday at the Milton Rapalee farm, two miles from Benton. The host and hostess were Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Scofield. The morning was very rainy, but before noon it cleared, and relatives and friends began coming from Watkins, Barnes, Dundee, Moreland, Flint, Seneca Castle, Milo, Bellona, Hall, Beaver Dams, Penn Yan, Benton and other places, until 123 were present. At one o'clock a bountiful dinner was served, which was enjoyed by all. A business meeting was held under the presidency of John D. Goundry, of Barnes, the following officers being elected for the ensuing year: Ora Goundry, of Himrod, president; James Goundry, of Penn Yan, vice-president; Miss Isabelle Goundry, secretary and treasurer. Mr. and Mrs. Byron Mead, of Bellona, extended an invitation to meet with them next year, and on motion the invitation was accepted with thanks, the date being the last Thursday in June, 1923. The ministers present were called upon for remarks. The day was pleasantly spent in visiting. The friends were in a reminiscent mood, and many an interesting incident of former years was re-told, the younger set enjoyed themselves with croquet, quoits and ball. A cordial vote of thanks was given to the genial host and hostess, Mr. and Mrs. Scofield, and Mrs. Milton Rapalee, and the friends departed in time to perform their evening chores.

—Miss Ruth Eberly, a student at Syracuse University, arrived on Thursday to spend the summer vacation with her parents, the Rev. and Mrs. J. N. Eberly. Since the close of the college for the summer, Miss Eberly has been enjoying an outing at Third Lake in the Adirondacks, with friends.

—Mrs. Almon T. Mallory and Miss Edith Depew are entertaining two "Fresh Air" boys from New York for the summer. It is earnestly hoped that many others will respond to the appeal, and send in their names as willing to give those little ones a two weeks' real vacation in the country. The children who have come at this time will remain all through the summer, but the next lot will be here for two weeks only. Think it over, and if you can give a child pleasure, say so.

—Mrs. Margaret Wright, wife of Charles Wright, died at her residence west of this village, last Tuesday afternoon, after a brief illness. Funeral services were held on Thursday afternoon at the Methodist church, conducted by the Rev. J. N. Eberly, assisted by Rev. W. H. Wheately, of Penn Yan. Interment was made in the Penn Yan cemetery. Besides her husband, she leaves two daughters, Mrs. Byron Kelley, of Rushville; Mrs. Leman Race, of Benton, and one son, Clarence Wright, of Cleveland, Ohio, and five grandchildren.

—Mrs. Margaret Schroeder is spending the week with her daughter, Mrs. Chris Jorgensen, and family on the Ainslee place, in Hall.

—James Taylor is quite sick, and is under the care of the doctor. He has been ill for several months, and is not at all strong.

—Orla Newcomb, who has been confined to the house for the past two months, does not improve, and his friends are feeling quite anxious about him.

—Mrs. Thomas Bishop remains about the same, possibly a little weaker, and needs constant care, which she is getting from the members of the family.

—Mrs. M. W. Christler, of Elmira, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert J. Peck, for a week.

—The Christian Endeavor Society of the Baptist church invites its friends to attend a patriotic social on Thursday evening in the church parlors. An interesting program will be given, and light refreshments served. The committee in charge says it will be good, and announces a charge of twenty cents for the evening's entertainment.

—The Rev. J. N. Eberly attended the annual picnic of the Methodist preachers of the Geneva District last Friday at Sodus Point. In the forenoon business of importance was transacted, and after dinner a good social time was enjoyed by all present.

—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mallory, of Penn Yan, and former residents of this place, were in town the first part of the week, calling on some of their many friends

—Miss Florine McAlpine, who, for the past two years, has been a member of the faculty of the Boy's Boarding School, Hilo, Hawaii, returned to her home in this village, the forepart of this week. Her numerous friends are glad to welcome her home, and to know of her success on the island. It is hoped that in the near future an opportunity will be given to the friends in this section to hear Miss Mc Alpine relate some of her experiences, and describe the wonderful scenery of that delightful part of the world.

—Mr. and Mrs. Emmett Nageldinger were guests in Dundee over Sunday.

LAKEMONT.

—Starkey Seminary had a great commencement last week with large numbers of the alumni present. Many of them were from long distances. Nine teachers of a former time were present. It was felt that the last year was a great success. Mr. E. C. Raymond, of Chicago, was elected to the Board of Trustees, and Mr. A. M. Taylor, President of the Alumni Association.

—Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Markle, with their daughter, Helen, are visiting with the Wixson family. Their home is in Rochester.

—Mrs. Annie T. Carr, of Tiffin, Ohio, arrived last Wednesday from her home.

—Mr. Raymond Onsted, a student just graduated from the Seminary, suffered a bad fall last Thursday morning, as he was getting ready to leave for his home in Newton, N. J. The injury to his leg was so serious that he was removed to the City Hospital, at Geneva, where he is under treatment by Dr. Skinner. The good people of Lakemont are raising a substantial contribution for his assistance.

—Sunday afternoon a Junior Endeavor Society was organized in the Temple church under the care of Miss Grace Humphreys.

—Miss Louise Humphreys is home with her parents on Main street. She teaches in the high school in Utica.

—Prof. Caris, of the Seminary, in company with his mother, who has been visiting him, starts today to drive in his car through to his home in Defiance, Ohio. There is no better way to get acquainted with one's country than such a cross-country drive.

DUNDEE.

—Two women escaped injury Wednesday, when an automobile, with an Ohio license turned completely over when the driver applied the brakes suddenly, as the machine was going down the Welker hill. The car skidded for several feet, then turned over, breaking the rear right wheel, but not injuring the passengers, other than giving them a bad shaking up. The car was taken to the Empire garage, in this village, to be repaired.

—The high school teachers entertained the members of the Senior Class at a banquet at the Harpending House on Wednesday evening of last week. Principal Frederick Lyons was toastmaster and the responses were by Miss Alice Crawford, Miss Elizabeth Schleyer, Miss Edna Hausner and Miss Lolla Allen. During the program several vocal selection were rendered by Miss Edith VanDeusen. The affair was greatly enjoyed by all present.

—At the Spink reunion the following officers were elected: President, Emmett Vaughn, Barrington; vice-president, Fred Taylor, Barrington; secretary, Elmer Vaughn, Dundee. The next reunion will be held at the home of Elmer Vaughn, Dundee.

DRESDEN.

Methodist Church Notes

—July 9th, 1922, 10.30 a. m., divine worship and sermon by Rev. W. C. Moyer, of Geneva. Sunday school at 11.30. Evening service at 7 o'clock, on the lawn in front of the church. This service will be conducted by the Community Men's Club. The president will preside and Dr. Wolner, who was delegate to the International Sunday School Convention in Kansas City, will give an address. This meeting will be well worth your while to come, as Mr. Wolner has a message for us. It is hoped to have a male quartette and perhaps other special music. Come and park your car in front of the church and enjoy an evening with us. The service last Sunday evening was well attended—about double the regular number was present. We believe these open air services at 7.00 o'clock each Sunday evening will prove helpful to the community. Come and help make them a big success. Men of the Community Men's Club are all urged to be present next Sunday evening.

—Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7.30.

—The monthly meeting of the Ladies' Aid will be held at the home of Mrs. B. Gardner Friday afternoon, at 2.00. All ladies not having any way to get to the meeting, be at the church at 2 o'clock and some one will take you out.

—Boy Scouts will meet at the parsonage every Monday evening at 7 o'clock.

—The Hi-Y Bible Class will hold an ice cream social Friday evening, July 14th, for the benefit of the Near East Work.

BRANCHPORT

—Mrs. Charles Hibbard has her aunt with her for the summer.

—Miss Cornelia Lerch is spending the summer with relatives here.

—Forrest Burtch is in Cleveland, Ohio, where he has a position with an aircraft company.

—Mrs. Celia Jackques is spending some time in Perry, N. Y., visiting relatives.

—The Misses Anna, Esther, and Elizabeth Botsford will spend the summer at Thousand Islands.

—Mothers' Club meets this week Wednesday, at the home of Mrs. Steral Sutherland.

—Mr. and Mrs. E. Wiley, of Brooklyn, their two small children, also Mrs. Frank Tuthill and Eugene, of Chicago, are spending the summer here, at their summer home.

—Anyone having good warm clothing to spare for the needy of the Near East Relief, please notify Miss Grace Timmerman. She will call for same.

—George Brown buried their pet dog, Buster, on Friday last. He lived to a good old age—15 years, 2 months, and had been blind or a number of years.

—Elisha Barker is back at his barber work here, making his home with Mrs. Guy Herries.

—Arthur Allen and family are moving to Ferguson Corners. We are sorry to lose them.

—Nellie MacCaul, of Rochester, is visiting her mother here.

—A match, gasoline, then a fire, burned the top and cushions off Lawrence Jones' car, in front of Burtch Bros.' store, on Monday afternoon.

—Mr. Ernest Brown and family of Montour Falls, spent the Fourth with their uncle, George Brown.

WEST ITALY

—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Johnson entertained on Sunday their daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Shaeffer and four children.

—Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Shay and Mrs. Jessie Johnson spent Sunday with Clarke Johnson and wife, of Rushville.

—Miss Erma Witters and friend, Mr. Cole, of Canandaigua, are now visiting her uncle, Earle Randolph and wife.

—Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Manning, of Italy Valley, was yesterday's guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Anable.

—The pea viner will start up work this morning. The crops, on the average, are quite poor.

—Mr and Mrs. Henry Eckert, of West River, spent Sunday with Thomas Johnson and wife.

—Mrs. Rose Powell, Mrs. Rose Gorton, of Reeds Corner; Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Gorton and Mrs. Frances Suter, of River Rouche, Michigan, visited the latter's granddaughter, Mrs. Orla Johnson, on Thursday.

EAST RUSHVILLE

—Miss Beulah Voorhees is home from Leroy for the summer.

—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Burt Lafler, a daughter, June 26, 1922. Miss Lavina Dinehart is with the family.

—Mr. and Mrs. Earl Ansley are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Spong, in Ramsey, Pa.

—Lester, William, and Miney Blodgett, of Elmira spent Wednesday in Victor.

—Mrs. Chester Olmsted, of Buffalo, and Alanso Foster, of Waterloo, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Reynolds.

—Mr. and Mrs. Henry DeWick spent Saturday night and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dunton, in Italy Valley.

—Mr. and Mrs. Merritt Kunes entertaine for Sunday dinner, Mr. and Mrs. George Gorton, of Detroit, Mich., and Charles Gorton and family, of Reeds' Corners.

KEUKA PARK

—Mrs. Vreeland and daughter, Dorothy, have gone to Montrose, Pa., to attend the Torrey meetings.

—Prayer meeting will be held Thursday evening in the chapel at 7.30 p. m.

—Misses Lenn and Helen Space spent the week-end in Toronto, Canada.

—Mrs. Harrington and daughter, Carrie Mae, and Mr. Covey, of Rochester, spent the week end on the park.

—Summer school at Keuka College July 3d.

—Mary Norton had her tonsils removed at S. & S. Hospital.

—Elizabeth Merson is on the sick list.

—At the Sunday morning service, Rev. Dr. Jones gave an interesting report of the Northern Baptist Convention, which was held at Indianapolis, Ind.

—Mr. L. Crosby and family, of Philadelphia, Pa., are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Crosby.

—Mrs. Hollis and son, Albert, of Hornell, are visiting her parents.

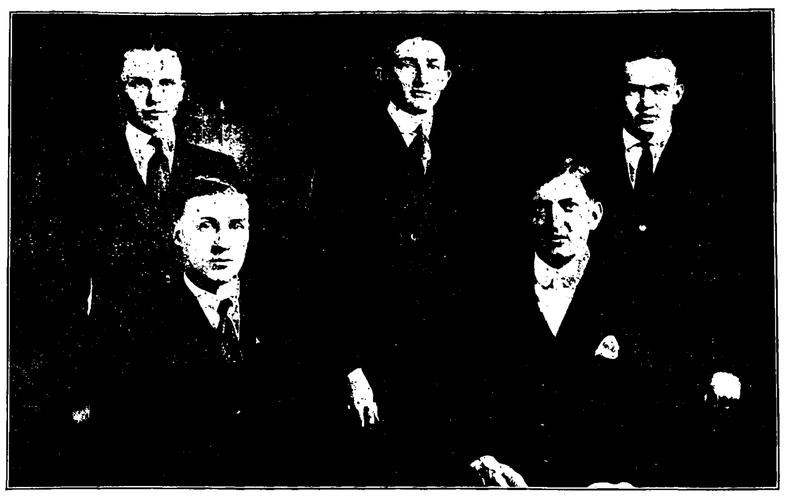
It ought not to be necessary during strikes for employers to barricade their property and employ guards, in order to defend it against mob attacks. That is a duty of the government, but it is a duty that the government evades cowardly, without protest from the people. Some day there may be a change.

According to many reports, which appear authentic, American tourists who are sight-seeing in the Allied countries, are unmercifully fleeced for everything they purchase. But they are not obliged to scatter their money "over there." It could be better used "over here."

There are charges that the recent kidnapping (?) of Americans was the result of a conspiracy of certain interests in this country to delay the recognition of Mexico by the United States. Whether true or not, these charges should be investigated, and if it be found that they have good foundation, the conspirators should be punished deservedly.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

MEMBERS OF GRADUATING CLASS OF 1922, STARKEY SEMINARY.



Francis A. Yost, Himrod; Donald M. Beckwith, Port Jefferson; Ellis L. Day, Himrod; Raymond W. Onsted, Newton, N. J.; John Edw. Shults, Lakemont.

Chant of the Motor Boat.

My motor boat, 'tis of thee, short road to poverty—of thee I chant. I blew a pile of dough on you three years ago; now you refuse to go—or won't or can't. Through channel and by oceanside you were my joy and pride, a happy day. I loved the gaudy hue, the nice white paint anew; but you're down and out for true, in every way. To thee, old rattlebox, came many jumps and knocks; for thee I grieve. No shelter from a storm; frayed are thy seats and worn; the whooping cough affects the "chug" I do believe. The perfume swells the breeze, and only causes one to sneeze, as we pass by. I paid for thee a price, 'twould buy a mansion twice; now everybody's yelling "Ice"—I wonder why. The motor has the grip, the spark plug has the pip, and who is thine. I, too, have suffered chills, fatigue and kindred ills; endeavoring to pay my bills, since thou were mine. Gone is my bankroll now, no more 'twould choke a cow, as once before. Yet, if I had the mon', so help me, Jack—amen, I'd buy a boat again and speed some more.—Bayliss Y. C. Logbook.

Laws Against Profanity.

Did you know that according to the law of England swearing is an offense for which you may be convicted by a justice of the peace according to a scale of penalties? And the higher up you are in the social scale the higher the fine imposed. A day laborer, common soldier or seaman forfeits one shilling for every oath; every other person under the degree of gentleman two shillings and above the degree of gentleman five shillings. For a second offense it is double the sum, for a third, triple, etc. At any time a constable may arrest a profane swearer and take him before a justice. On one occasion a man lost his temper entirely and swore the same oath twenty times before a justice. The latter counted them and when the man had finally stopped, fined him two shillings for each repetition. There is a similar law in Scotland.

Flowers and Seasons.

The relation of the colors of flowers to the seasons has attracted the attention of a Canadian professor, who finds that of 539 flowering plants in the provinces of Quebec and Ontario, about one-third have white flowers. Yellow flowers come next, and comprise about one-quarter of the total. Purples and blues form about one-ninth or tenth. White flowers are commonest in April and June, whereas yellow are frequent in July, August and September. One can not help noticing that the spring flowers have delicate colors as a rule, whites or pale pinks, yellows and blues, whereas the autumn flowers have much stronger shades of yellow, blue and purple.

First Magic Lantern.

Fakers in the old days were no less quick than their present brethren to take advantage of scientific discoveries to fool the public. In 1646, one Athanasius Kircher announced to the few German scientists of his day that he had discovered an instrument which would throw large pictures of any drawing or painting placed on it, upon a white screen. He wrote quite a treatise on this first magic lantern and called it the "Arm Magna Lucis et Umbrae."

From a scientific point of view Kircher's discovery did not make a very deep impression. But half a dozen traveling magicians somehow or other got hold of copies of the first magic lantern. They traveled far and wide through the country, and they not only scared the peasants and small-town peoples out of their wits, but by making a specialty of showing pictures of the devil, of poor souls frying in purgatory and other unpleasant subjects, they collected considerable sums in return for the promise to keep these evil spirits out of the homes of their victims.

Farm Sale.

In order to close the estate of Archibald Thayer, deceased, I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, at the front steps of the Benham House, in the Village of Penn Yan, Yates county, N. Y., on July 22, 1922, at 10 o'clock, a. m., the farm of which the said Archibald Thayer died seized, consisting of about sixty (60) acres of land in the town of Milo, Yates county, New York, and three and one-half (3 1-2) miles from Penn Yan, on the east shore of the East Branch of Lake Keuka, near Willow Grove; fifty (50) acres of which lies east of the highway, and about ten (10) acres of which, with over twelve hundred (1200) feet of lake front, lies west of the highway.

The terms of the sale will be cash.

A search of the property may be seen at the office of Goodspeed & Miller, Penn Yan, N. Y., after July 15th, 1922.

Dated at Penn Yan, N. Y., June 27 1922.

DAVID MILLER,
Admr., c. t. a.,
Penn Yan, N. Y.

34w4

Now is the
Time to Swim!
We have
"Usco"
Bathing Caps
That will keep the water out of the ears and hair,
and
Water Wings
to aid you in learning to swim.
"The Water is Fine"
PROUTY & RAPALEE
Prescription Druggists
Penn Yan, N. Y.

"111"
cigarettes

10¢
They are GOOD!

It is frequently claimed that the coal situation might be different if the operators had conferred with the miners, as they had agreed to, but the claimants carefully avoid reference to the fact that anthracite operators and their miners conferred for months without arriving at any agreement.

"Flashes of Action"

See what modern warfare is, as told by the camera of the U. S. Signal Corps in the Official War Films, at the Sampson Theatre, July 12th. Guaranteed by the U. S. Army to be actual war scenes.

Ask your grocer for Levi Smith High Grade Kerosene. If he don't carry it we have it at wholesale. Guaranteed best for tractor and household purposes. John A. Fiero's, Benham street.

The Elmwood THEATRE
H. C. Morse Manager
Penn Yan, N.Y.
ADMISSION —10c and 17c
SPECIALS EXTRA
Edwin Paddock, Organist, from Eastman Conservatory.

THURSDAY
Bernard Durning and Pauline Stark in
SEEDS OF VENGEANCE
A big story about the mountain folk. A tale of love and feuds and the bigness of heart of these simple inhabitants of the hills. Adapted from the famous novel, The Sowing of Anderson Cree, by Margaret Prescott Montague.
Pathe Review
Afternoon, 17c; evening, 17 and 22c; children under twelve, 10c.

FRIDAY
Charles Ray in
his picturization of James Whitcomb Riley's old-home poem
The OLD SWIMMIN' HOLE
It has caught the spirit of the Riley classic and reflects it throughout. Six wonderful reels of humor and happiness, without the necessity for one single sub-title. This is a real achievement.
Episode Uo. 10 of
"THE WHITE EAGLE"
Afternoon, 17c; evening, 17 and 28c; children under twelve, 10c.

SATURDAY
Thomas Meighan in
WHITE AND UNMARRIED
The romance of a dashing Yankee bachelor who started out to "do" Paris and did! One of the best Paramount pictures in which Mr. Meighan has been seen to date.
Al St. John omedy