CREASED IN PRINTING MUTILATED STAINED PAGE

MOHAWK VALLEY REGISTER.

Premium Tobacco.

We would call attention to the advertisement of J. B. Hoffman & Co., Manufacturers of *Honey Dew Chewing Tobacco*, to be found in another column. These gentlemen are the successors to W. H. Rice, in Albany. In addition to receiving the first premium from the Albany County Agricultural Society, a diploma and silver medal from the New York State Agricultural Society and a diploma from the American Institute, New York, they carried off the palm at the Crystal Palace, where they met with competition from the oldest and best manufacturers of New City and Brooklyn.

We are informed that the business has increased very largely during the past year, and we would advise those who wish to buy or sell a really good article of Tobacco, to try the "Honey Dew" of J. B. Hoffman & Co.

A poor article can be had almost any where for a poor price—a good article commands a good price and the man who supplies his customers with it, will increase his trade.

ITEMS OF NEWS.

——Jacob Albert, a respectable citizen of Baltimore, aged 70 years, died on Sunday night. He leaves a property estimated at two millions of dollars.

——Rowland A. Smith was tried in the U. S. Circuit Court, at New Haven, last week for robbing the mail. He pleaded guilty and was sentenced to the State Prison for 27 years.

——It is stated that the daily receipts on the Great Western (Canada) railroad are over $5,000. More freight is offered than the Company is able to transport.

——Mrs. Elizabeth Stillwagon, of Connellsville, Pa. aged 115 years, was burnt to death on Monday, the 6th inst., by her clothes taking fire while lighting her pipe.

——According to the Rochester *Advertiser* there are now one hundred and ten canal boats building at that city, worth $278,000.

——Corn is very scarce at Alexandria.—The *Republican*, of the 4th inst., says, the last that was offered for sale readily brought $1 a barrel, but for some time past there has been none at all offering, and the citizens are suffering for the want of it.

——At Windham Centre, on the 3d inst., Mr. Abijah Stone, aged 78, was killed almost instantly by a saw-log, which rolled and struck him across the breast, and smashed his head to atoms. He lived but a few moments.

——Nine men, the crew of the bark Jasper, have been released at Havana on the solicitation of Mr. Robertson, our Consul.

——In consequence of the consolidation of last week, Philadelphia will take rank among the half dozen largest citizens of the world.

——Mr. Corwin says he got but $6000 for his services in the Gardiner suit. His cousin, Robert Corwin, got $6,000 more.

——Two white men, Motley and Blackledge, were hung, last week, at Waterboro, S. C., for the murder of a negro.

——There is a Western boy, 15 years of age, at Chicago, who stands six feet eight inches in his socks. His name is Long. It should be Longest.

——In England, the Lord Chamberlain has had the good sense to tell Mr. Buchanan he may appear at Court in any costume he pleases.

——One of the bridges built by the Nicaragua Transit Company, on the road leading from Lake Nicaragua to San Juan del Sud, is made entirely of mahogany.

——Five hundred millions of people or half of the population of the whole world, are bibbers of tea—the beverage that cheers but not inebriates.

——The examination of Mr. Fyler and others, for the murder of Mrs. Fyler, has been postponed, in order that the subject may go before the Grand Jury in May next.

PAY IN ADVANCE.

Some women of Alliance, Stark County, Ohio, have ingeniously sowed thirty three-cent pieces between two sheets of gauze, forming a transparent mat of three or four inches square, and have sent them to Senator Douglas with the following letter.—The letter is signed by some thing over one hundred names:—

To Mr. Douglas, of Illinois, Member U. S. Senate.

SIR: We, the undersigned, wives, mothers and daughters of Stark County, Ohio, feeling grateful that our boasted "*Land of the free and home of the brave*" is yet so free that *White* husbands, sons and brothers can enjoy their own liberty, beg to present to you the inclosed "*thirty pieces of silver*" as a testimony of the sentiments we entertain for your labors in the Nebraska Bill. If Judas was worthy of his reward for betraying *one* whom he knew had the power to extricate himself from the hands of his crucifiers, then much more worthy are you of this reward, (should no office of emolument be proffered you,) for this betrayal of liberty; for this effort to cast into hands, more brutal than Jewish crucifiers, *thousands of unoffending, weak and helpless* fathers and mothers, husbands and wives, sons and daughters, accused of no infraction of religious or civil law, and whose blood is called for by no maddening populace, but by cold-blooded avarice and the foulest passions.

Without dwelling upon this horrid picture further, may you receive the "*thirty pieces of silver*" herewith sent as an evidence of the consideration in which we hold you, and ere you follow the *last act* of Judas, may you repent in deepest sackcloth this most nefarious betrayal of Liberty.—*Corr. of N. Y. Tribune.*

THE PERHAM GIFTS.—A regular meeting of the Perham Gift Committee was held on Tuesday evening, at Academy Hall, Ira Buckman, jr., presiding. The persons who won the Panorama and the trotting horse appeared, and their orders were endorsed by the committee. The Secretary, Mr. Robert Beatty, furnished our reporter with the number of gifts so far delivered: Gold Pens, 790; gold pencils, 240; gold pens with cases, 21; $100 gold watches, 5; $50 gold watches, 14; Genin's hats, 10; $500 pianos, 2. Ticket No. 5,530, held by Franklin J. May, won the farm in New Jersey; No. 83,081, held by Benj. Blackledge, builder, No. 121 Perry street, the Panorama; No. 79,169, held by P. S. Maseaker, Manchester, Passaic Co., N. J., the trotting horse Telegraph. It is supposed that the Committee at Georgetown have to distribute about 80,000 more envelopes.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

California News.

[From California Papers to February 15.]

The Richest Mining Claim in California.

The Stockton *Journal* contains a letter from Angel's Camp, dated Feb. 5th, which gives an account of the discovery of a new gold field, which is said to be the richest yet opened in California. The writer says:—

"Times are brisking up considerably thro' these parts. Water is more plenty, and the miners are doing well. Rich strikes are being made in every direction. At Albany Flat, Cherokee Flat and Pilkington & Foreman's Rancho on the road great excitement exists. Miners are flocking in great numbers to these places. The secret is at last out concerning the rich claim on Cherokee Flat. This claim is, without doubt, the richest ever discovered in California. Its history is this: About two months ago a party of men, French and Italians, were seen making their way thro' the dark, each carrying a small sack. This fact created a suspicion among some of the miners, and following night they were closely watched, and it was ascertained that they were carrying dirt from a hole about a quarter of a mile distant, and secreting it under the beds in their tent. In the day time they worked sinking their shaft, and in answer to questions asked, replied that they 'hadn't got down yet,' and no one had an opportunity of seeing the dirt that was carried away. The discoverers being foreigners, they were fearful of letting the Americans know their success. However, at last, a few were permitted to examine this rich claim. It proves to be a vein of decomposed quarts, the richest (as far as prospected) certainly that has ever been discovered. The vein is found about three feet below the surface, and is about two inches wide, and widens as it goes down. It has been prospected to the depth of twenty-one feet, and is found six inches wide at that depth—water preventing going deeper. From one pan of clay and quartz taken out at the top, six ounces of fine dust was obtained. Subsequently forty-seven ounces were washed from another pan.—Gold is to be plainly seen with the naked eye, mixed with the clay and quartz throughout the whole vein, a depth of seventeen or eighteen feet. From 200 lbs. of the clay and rotten quartz, which compose the vein, twenty-eight pounds of pure gold was taken, after being worked through a Mexican mill or 'arasta'—a very imperfect mode of saying the gold—making an extraordinary yield of more than $2,50 to the pound of quartz. The best average yield of the great Bear Valley mine was 60 cts. to the pound. This vein as yet is only prospected. It has the appearance of running through a long range of quartz hills, and will doubtless be struck upon in different places, miles distant from the first discovery. There are thousands of different stories concerning this vein. Some that $10,000 was taken out in one day; others, that $50,000 was refused for the claim, etc., but this statement is substantially correct. As to selling the claim, $300' was offered and refused for one-eighth. There are eight shares in the claim, and eight hundred feet are claimed and recorded for quartz-mining purposes. Great excitement prevails. The foreigners have their guns loaded and ready for action—keeping guard all night.

NEW DIGGINGS.—It is reported that very extensive rich diggings have been discovered in the neighborhood of Brown's Valley, about twelve miles from the city of Marysville. So far, they have paid from $8 to $12 per day to the hand, and two men had taken out $50 in one day. Two hundred men are already at work.

A HEAVY GRAB.—Some fellow at Mud Springs, El Dorado County, entered a Chinese gambling house, and made a grab of $1200 from a table, with which he fled.

HAD A WIFE.—The Marysville *Herald* says that a Dr. Smith, of Placerville—at which place he was lately residing with a wife whom he had taken to his bosom in California—lately received an unexpected visit from a wife and child whom he had left a couple of years ago, in one of the Atlantic States. A muss was kicked up by the two wives; the Placervillians turned out, *en masse* to hang the doctor, and he, not liking the aspect of affairs, left his "heart's treasures" and the town, in hot haste, and has not been heard from since.

SIERRA COUNTY.—The *Echo* is filled with glowing paragraphs concerning the mining prospects in Sierra. Everybody busy and everybody expecting a large return for their labor, in which we trust they will not be disappointed. A company of eight men last week washing in the Wayne Tunnel, took out $4000.

HORRIBLE.—The last Mariposa *Chronicle* gives the following account of the devouring of a young man by the grizzlies:

"Portions of the skeleton of a young man named Robert Coleman, who left French Camp the latter part of last December, was discovered on Tuesday, Feb. 7th, by some indians in the lair of some grizzly bears. Information of the circumstances was given to Mr. J. L. Hunt, of the Fresno, who immediately repaired to the spot, and had the remains decently interred. The gun of the unfortunate young man was found near by, gnawed and broken.

Mr. Coleman came from Alabama to this country two years ago, and was a person generally liked and esteemed by all who knew him. His untimely demise was evidently the result of an unexpected encounter with one or more grizzlies."

LOLA MONTES ATTACKED BY A GRIZZLY.—The Sacramento *Union* says that Lola Montes had been attacked by her pet grizzly bear. While feeding him with sugar from her hand, he caught it in his mouth and wounded it badly; he struck at her with his paw, but fortunately did not reach her. A man standing near caught a club, and by a stroke across bruin's head, caused him to let go his hold, and thereby probably saved the life of the Countess.

FROM LOS ANGELES—OUTRAGE AND DEATH OF THE PERPETRATORS.—A robbery was perpetrated upon Mr. Martin Lelong, of Los Angeles, on the 19th of January last, by six Mexicans, after which they ravished his wife. They knocked at his door at 8 o'clock in the morning, and upon its being opened they presented pistols at his head, and instant death threatened if he refused to give up his money or let his house be searched. After gleaning what valuables they could find, they each in turn committed the outrage upon Mrs. Lelong. The names of the leaders were Senate and Fargos, two notorious robbers and murderers. Four American boys were with the Mexicans, having been invited to a dance, and on arriving at the house and finding all was still, refused to enter, but were threatened with death if they attempted to leave or give alarm. The robbers and ravishers then went away, carefully guarding the boys, whom they threatened to kill. The boys being left in charge of the two leaders, Senate and Fargos, managed to kill them, to the joy of the whole inhabitants of Los Angeles and its vicinity. The bodies of the two bandits were brought to Los Angeles and delivered up to the Sheriff, who ordered them buried. One of them had boasted of being the genuine Joaquin. —*Chron.*

EXPENSES OF HOUSE-KEEPING IN SAN FRANCISCO.—Female servants, $50 to $75 per month; wood $15 per cord; coal, hundred-pound sack, $3; pr. ton, delivered $50, at market, best cuts beef, pork, and mutton, 37½ cts. per pound; venison, 31 cts. per pound; salmon 25 cts. per pound; best fresh butter, $1 per pound; second quality do. 75 cts.; Goshen butter, 50 cts.; fresh eggs, $1,25 per dozen; Boston eggs, 75 cts. per dozen; turkeys, $6 to $10 each; geese or ducks, $1 each; chickens, $2,50 to $3 each; quails, $6 per dozen; potatoes, 4 cts. per pound; cabbages, 25 cts. per head; cauliflowers, 37 to 50 cts.; turnips, parsnips, and beets, $1 per dozen; milk, 25 cts. per quart, &c.

DESTRUCTION OF THE POPE'S OFFERING TO THE WASHINGTON MONUMENT.—At about 12 o'clock last night, the sentinel near the Monument became conscious of the rubbing of something against the side of his watch-box, which he at first thought was his faithful dog; but, on attempting to open the door, he found it secured by a rope, which had been drawn tightly round the box. Immediately after, he perceived that some persons were pasting paper over the windows. He called to them, and asked what was meant, and was told to hush. He asked if they intended to injure him, and received the same reply, as he did to all other questions.

He then heated an iron poker in his stove, and, pressing it through the door, burned the rope in two, and made his way out. He soon found that his dog had been poisoned, and was dead; and on examining the ground carefully, he discovered that the beautiful piece of marble that had been presented to the Monument Association by the Pope had been broken into a thousand fragments. We have no information as to whom suspicion rests upon in connection with this deed. We are informed that a very large number of persons visited the monument yesterday, and that not one-third of them registered their names. We have no doubt a large reward will be offered for the apprehension and conviction of the high-handed depredators.—*Washington Era, 6th.*

A WILD WOMAN—SUSPECTED INFANTICIDE.—There was much excitement at the Railroad Depot on Saturday afternoon, by the sudden appearance of a female of some 35 years of age, in a state of entire nudity. She ran through the building from room to room, perfectly frantic. Several persons attempted to seize and confine her, but she resisted them with perfect desperation, resorting to her teeth when hands were not available. She was, however, finally secured. She had denuded herself in the water-closet, where her clothing was found. The railroad men state that she was seen about the Depot in the early part of the day, with an infant in her arms. As the infant has not been found, it is feared that she has destroyed it. The vaults about the Depot have been searched without success. It is quite probable that the crazy mother has cast her offspring into the river from the bridge back of the Depot, and the swollen stream has carried it over the Falls. When officers Bowen and Hosmer were taken this crazy woman to the County House, she said her name was Mary, and that she had left a child with Mortimer Hyde, at Hydesville. This is all the clue that has been obtained to her identity, and it is by no means certain that her statement in this particular is correct.—*Rochester Union.*

RIOT.—A serious riot occurred at New Haven on Friday night last, between the students of Yale College and a portion of the citizens of that city. One Irishman was killed and other persons were injured. It appears that some of the students who were present at the Athæneum, arose to adjust their shawls, at which some of the audience took offence, and pelted them with paper wads. The evening however passed off without much disturbance. The next evening about fifty students attended the same place in a body, but kept very quiet, and on their return while walking in a procession towards the College were attacked by the town boys, and assailed with brick bats, and other missiles—several of them being knocked down. During the affray several pistols were discharged, and one n. ., an Irishman, was stabbed so that he died soon after. This caused still greater excitement, and it was with great difficulty that the police and magistrates prevented an attack upon the College with cannons which the enraged crowd had procured, loaded with stones, gravel, &c., and placed in front of the College. Quiet, however, was restored, and the matter will probably undergo a legal investigation.

☞ It may be some consolation to the stockholders of the Crystal Palace to know that theirs is not the only concern of this kind which has proved a dead loss. We see it stated in the English papers that Mr. Dargan, of Dublin, who came forward with so much public spirit and assumed the whole responsibility, and advanced all the money for building the Crystal Palace in that City, is a loser to the amount of £20,000. Both Ireland and New York, it seems, were a little too fast in supposing that they could successfully imitate in a few months, what all Great Britain succeeded in accomplishing after years of careful and energetic exertion. In spite of Charles Mathews there are some things which *cannot* be done, even in the United States, in twenty minutes.

Correspondence of the St. Louis (Missouri) Republican.

The Capture of Mrs. Wilson—The Boys Found.

FORT WASHITA, Choctaw Nation, Chickasaw District, Feb. 11, 1854.

I read in your paper of 24th ult., (received here last mail,) a thrilling and interesting narrative of the capture and escape of Mrs. Jane Adeline Wilson, by the Camanche Indians, last summer, by whom she and her two brothers-in-law (boys) were taken off prisoners.

The facts and the particulars of Mrs. Wilson's capture, and the two boys near the Fort, "Phantom Hill," Texas, are corroborated by the same facts related to me here, by a discharged soldier alluded to by her in her narrative, (the soldier having passed this way to Arkansas;) also, in relation to the Mexican driver being scalped and shot, as Mrs. W. relates. The soldier stated here, on his arrival, that he was unable to keep up to the wagon, with Mrs. Wilson and the two boys, the Mexican driving, and as his horse was worn down, and in coming up to it he found the woman and both boys gone, the wagon robbed of all its contents, mules gone also, and the Mexican driver lying near the wagon, insensible, having been shot and scalped. The soldier carried him to a small stream near by, washed his wounds, and afterward carried him for several days on his back. They were destitute of food, the Indians having stolen all from the wagon. They lived for some days on the carcass of a dead ox, found by the roadside, using an old razor for a knife, being the only instrument the soldier had to cut.—After several days slow travelling, they arrived at "Phantom Hall" post, where the soldier left the Mexican, recovering. Nothing has been heard on this frontier of the two boys alluded to in Mrs. Wilson's narrative, until ten days since, when one about twelve years old, calling himself George Washington Wilson, was brought in near here, by Aaron Brown, an intelligent, educated Chickasaw Indian, who lives near this post. He had been out with some Shawnees for the last four months, trading for mules with the Camanches.—They found this white boy with the Camanches, in a very destitute condition respecting clothing, having but few rags on his person. Aaron Brown, with the characteristic nobleness of heart peculiar to his tribe, seeing the white boy in captivity, and badly used, proposed trading some goods for him. A few days passed before the trade was concluded. After giving several hundred dollars worth of goods for the boy, the Camanches wanted to draw bargain, thinking they could extort more, as they perceived Brown manifested a desire to have the lad. A few days since I heard from Fort Arbuckle, situated sixty miles west of this post, that a *white boy* had been brought there by some friendly Indians, who had bought him from the Camanches lately. This boy proves to be the other brother-in-law of Mrs. Wilson, showing that all the captives are now safe. Steps will be taken to restore them to their friends.

Very respectfully,
SAMUEL C. HOMES, Sutler, U. S. A.

☞ Hon. Greene C. Bronson, has written a letter to Hon. F. B. Cutting, M. C., taking ground in favor of the Nebraska bill. He says "it is morally certain that there will be no slavery in Nebraska, where neither soil nor climate is adapted to that kind of labor. And, besides, most of the emigrants to the Territory will be from the free States. If, however, the people should decide for Slavery, it is their own matter, and they should be allowed to have their own way."

☞ The result of the recent election in New-Hampshire, is regarded by the anti-Nebraska papers as a decided verdict against that scheme, and against the Administration of Gen. Pierce for favoring it. Baker, the democratic candidate for Governor, is elected by a largely reduced majority, and it is conceded that in the Legislature the opposition—that is the Whigs and Free Soilers—have a decided majority.—The *Statesman* (Concord) says, "it is a matter of absolute certainty, that no man in whose garments is even the smell of favoring the Nebraska bill, can be chosen Senator in Congress from New Hampshire by the Legislature elect."

☞ There was a rumor current a few days since, at Quebec, that in consequence of advices from England, the Provincial post-office authorities had seized a letter intended for the Russian Government, and containing the programme of an intended invasion of Canada by Russian soldiers via the United States. The rumor, however, was regarded as a hoax; and though the writer of the letter was arrested, no proof of treason was found, in consequence of his having had time to destroy his letters.—10,000 militia were to be called out.

☞ A destructive fire occurred at New Orleans on the 17th inst., by which property to the amount of $500,000 was destroyed, and it is feared that some lives have been lost. Some of the finest buildings in the city, containing a large stock of goods were consumed. A considerable portion of the loss is covered by insurance.

SAD RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—We regret to hear that a fatal railroad accident occurred at Geneva last night. A freight train going east had stopped at that place to allow the night express train to pass. Mr. John Sisson, the engineer of the freight train, was standing upon the track of the express when it came up, and was almost instantly killed. Why Mr. S. thus exposed himself, or why he did not see the ex- ed train, is a mystery. Mr. S. leaves and family in this city.—*Roch. Union.*

THE ST. CHARLES MURDER.—The late St. Louis papers throw no additional light on the mysterious murder of RUENZI, at St. Charles, Mo.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Going West—Leave Fort Plain.

Express,	2 45 A. M.
Mail,	12 05 P. M.
Accommodation,	6 00 P. M.
Express,	8 50 P. M.
Night Express,	1 05 A. M.

Going East—Leave Fort Plain.

Accommodation,	8 25 A. M.
Accommodation,	12 10 P. M.
Mail,	7 05 P. M.

Dec. 19, 1853. O. VINEARD, Sup't

We republish by request the annexed Obituary and insert also by request the following chronological statement, gathered from history and tradition, of the WENDELL FAMILY:

In Cherry Valley, on the 3d of March inst., JACOB WENDELL, Senior, in the 77th year of his age.

With the exception of a few years, the deceased was a resident of this town for more than half a century, and for many years an upright and consistant christain. The last few years of his life were especially devoted to a preparation to meet his final end.—He died in peace, leaving many friends and a numerous family to mourn his departure hence. He was the father of twenty children, leaving sixty-eight grand children and five great-grand-children, of whom eighteen children, forty-eight grand-children and three great-grand-children, survive him.

Three brothers, John, Jacob and Robert Wendell, are said to have migrated from Holland to this country, about the year 1650, landing at New Amsterdam, (now New York city.) The country upon either side of Hudson's river, from the Deleware to the Connecticut, being at that time claimed, and nominally in possession of Hollanders, and was known as the "New Netherlands," of which the famous Peter Stuyvesant was Governor. In 1664, the English having conquered the country, and wrested New Amsterdam from the Dutch, John is said to have migrated to Fort Orange, (now city of Albany,) Jacob to Shrewsbury, New Jersey, and Robert to Boston.

From a Patent grant of 12000 acres of land, adjoining the Mohawk river, and the Depeyster and Vanslyck Patent, on the north west, (the original manuscript of which grant, can be seen in the Law office of Jacob Wendell, Esq., of this village, bearing date, August 8th, 1723,) it appears that Harmanus Wendell, Abraham Wendell, William Burnet, Esq., Captain, General and Governor of the Province of New York, Philip Schuyler and others, were joint owners and proprietors. These (Harmanus and Abraham) are supposed to be the descendants of John the first, who settled in Albany. And we presume, that the late Hon. Garret Wendell, Judge &c., of Washington county, and father-in-law of Hon. Martin Lee—as also Hon. John L. Wendell, late State Reporter, and the late Doct. Peter Wendell and Harmanus Wendell and others, of Albany, are descendants of John the first.

Of the descendants of Robert—if he had any—we know comparatively nothing, except by inference.—There is a town of Wendell in Mass., the original proprietorship of which may be claimed by his descendants. And then we have the Poet, Oliver Wendell Holmes, and the talented, but radical Wendell Philips, who may claim affinity or consanguinity.

The deceased is said to be the lineal descendant of Jacob the first, who settled in the "Jarsies," as the Dutch usually called New Jersey. John the second, being the son of Jacob, was born in Shrewsbury, about the year 1680. Jacob the second, being the son of John the second, was born in New York city, about the year 1720, and was married in 1712 to Hannah De Hart, also born in New York, an accomplished and estimable lady of English parentage. For many years he followed the sea, as Master of Merchant vessels, trading with Holland. After retiring from sea, he is said to have settled in the now town of Lansingburgh or Schaticoke, N. Y. In 1792 he migrated to that part of the town of Warren, Herkimer county, known as "Old Andierstown," where he died about the year 1810. Their issue was one son, John the third, and father of the deceased, and two daughters, Margaret and Elizabeth, or as they were familiarly called, Peggy and Betsey. Margaret was married to ——— Degarmo, who lived and died in the city of Albany; his wife surviving him, was subsequently married to John Ross of German extraction, who also with his family migrated to, and settled in "Old Andierstown," and have both since passed away. Elizabeth was married to Aaron Ward, also of German descent, who with his family, migrated to, and for many years lived and finally died in "Old Andierstown," leaving a large and respectable, family, some of whom, with many of their descendants still survive and reside in that vicinity.

John the third, being the father of the deceased, was born in Schaticoke, about the year 1757, and at his country's call, at the age of 18 years, he joined that ever memorable, brave, but unfortunate detachment of the Revolutionary army, which in the Autumn of 1775, marched by way of Lake Champlain &c., to the siege of Quebec, where on the 31st of December, of that year, the brave and lamented General Montgomery fell, fighting at the head of his little band. After encountering and suffering untold hardships and privations, and after having served out the term of his enlistment, he returned to his home, where in 1777, he was married to Miss Hannah Van Denberg, of Claverack, of Dutch parentage. In 1779, hearing of the atrocities and barbarities committed by the Indians and tories, at Wyoming, Penn., and several settlements in the interior of New York, he again offered his services to his country, and joining the memorable expedition, under command of Gen. Sullivan, marched with one of its Divisions, by way of the Mohawk river, crossing by way of Canajoharie, to Cooperstown, down the Susquehana, and thence, after uniting with the Wyoming Division, into the Indian country, in western New York, taking vengeance on the savages and barbarians, in several sharp skirmishes, and by destroying their wigwams, crops &c.

In 1792, he migrated with his, and his father's family, to old Amsterdam, and from thence to the vicinity of Richfield springs, where, on the shore of the beautiful and romantic Lake, formerly known as Canesaraga Lake, he departed this life in the year 1823, aged 67 years; his wife surviving him till 1841, when she died aged 81 years. Their issue was five children—three sons Jacob, Cornelius and John; and two daughters, Maria and Joanna, commonly called Polly, and Hannah. Jacob the deceased was the first born—Cornelius died in Warren, about the year 1808, leaving one son John C., who has since died. John the youngest brother of deceased, died about the year 1845, in Indiana, leaving a widow and three children. Maria was married to Elisha Chadwick, at Peterboro, N. Y. He enlisted as a volunteer during the war of 1812 and 1815, became sick, obtained leave of absence, returned home and soon after died, leaving his wife and four daughters, surviving him. His widow subsequently migrated to the west, and was there married to Joshua Gustin, in York township, Elkhart Co., Indiana.—Joanna is also a widow having three children, who with the mother reside in the city of Portland, in the State of Maine.

Jacob, the deceased, was born in Schaticoke, Dec. 12, 1778, migrated with his father's family in 1792, was married in this town, in 1801, to Miss Magdalena Snyder, of German extraction, by Rev. Johan Wieting. She died in Frey's Bush, Aug. 17, 1822, being the mother of 12 children, 10 of whom survived her. In 1824, he married Mrs. Nancy P. Gold, formerly of Connecticut, then of Richfield, Otsego county, a youthful widow, having two children, who were reared in his family. She died at Little Falls, Herkimer county, September 1850, leaving 10 children, 8 of whom were the issue of her last marriage, and all of whom still survive.

Of this numerous family of 22 children, 10 sons and 10 daughters are still living.

Morse's Invigorating Cordial,

AMONG all herbs applied in medical practice, that which forms the main ingredient in this preparation stands supreme. It is Nature's universal balsam. Had the travels of Dr. Morse, which has added so much to Science in its various branches, resulted in the discovery of this herb alone, he would still have been the great benefactor of the age. Mineral remedies are utterly superseded by this purely vegetable specific. And you weak, dyspeptic, nervous, subject to sudden flushes, convulsed with neuralgia or *tic doloreux*, irregular in any physical function, enervated in any organ, subject to spasmodic pains of any kind! Here is your remedy. Is your mind, your memory, clouded; does your head fail you in business; are you depressed in spirits, debilitated, worn out, and utterly "out of heart?" Here is your renovator. Here is a stimulant more effective than alcohol; permanent in its effects, and harmless to the system as filtered water. Think of these things, you that are sick and suffering, and test our words by experiment.

The Cordial is put up, highly concentrated, in pint bottles. Price three dollars per bottle, two for five dollars, six for twelve dollars.

C. H. RING, *proprietor*,
102 Broadway, New York.

Sold by Druggists throughout the United States, Canada, and the West Indies.

Agents; C. W. WEBSTER, Fort Plain; A. P. SETTLE, Canajoharie.

Married:

At Salt Springville, on the 7th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Pendell, Mr. GEORGE EDICK, to Miss ALMIRA YOUNG, both of Fort Plain Village.

Deaths:

In the town of Springfield, Otsego Co., on the 17th inst., of Consumption, Miss CATHARINE MCNEIL, daughter of Peter McNeil, in the 20th year of her age.

In this village on the 19th inst., EMMA FRANCIS, infant daughter of William R., and Lucy Ann Bleecker, aged 1 year and 3 months.

At Palatine Church, on Tuesday, March 21st, Mr. CHARLES NUCHECK, aged 65 years.

At Perin, on the 9th of Feb. ult., CORNELIA P., wife of Harvey Smith, of Palatine, N. Y., in the 23d year of her age.

Mrs. Smith was one who was esteemed by a large circle of friends; yet her society was more highly prized by her intimate associates, by her Parents and her Husband, by whom her sudden death, is deeply lamented.

But two short years have passed away, since the fair morning of her Bridal Hour; her new home was being reared after her own taste and design; and all the blessings of this life were clustering, in richness and beauty around her pathway. Yet in the midst of life, the Voice came! and, in great suddenness, and solemnity, the silver chord was loosed, and the golden bowl was broken!

As we stood around the mortal remains we could not but be reminded of the words,

"Death, lies on her like an untimely frost,
Upon the sweetest Flower of all the field.
Over her grave,
There let the Yew, her sable branches spread,
And mournful Cypress rear her fringed head,
From thence, let thyme and myrtil send perfume;
And Laurel Evergreen, o'ershade her tomb."

B.

Lowville, Feb. 27, 1854.

Fort Plain Market.

Reported weekly by J. WIETING, Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, &c.

FORT PLAIN, MARCH 23, 1854.

GRAIN.	
Wheat ₮ bush.	$1 75
Rye, "	80
Corn, "	75
Oats, "	40
Barley, "	85
Buckwheat,	62½
Flax Seed,	1 25
Peas, large,	$1 00@$1 25
" small,	75@$1 00
Beans,	1 00
PROVISIONS.	
Flour, ₮ bbl	$8 12½
Butter, ₮ lb	14@16
Lard, "	10
Ham, "	10
Shoulders, "	8
Dried Beef, "	8@10
Cheese, "	8@10
Honey, " Box,	12½
" Strained,	8@10
Potatoes, ₮ bu.	50
Apples, "	50
Dried Apples, ₮ lb	4@4½
Eggs, ₮ doz.	new, 14
SUNDRIES.	
Wood, ₮ cord,	$3@$4
Hay, ₮ ton,	$12
Plaster of in	16
Tallow, ₮ lb	12½

NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, March 21, 1854.

Flour and Meal.—There is increased firmness in the market for Western and State Flour. The arrivals are moderate and the better grades firmer. Canadian it quiet at $7 25. The sales of Western Canal are 8000 bbls. at $7 25 for State, and $7 25@$7 37½ for mixed to straight Michigan and common to good Ohio. Corn Meal is better; sales of 200 bbls. Jersey at $3 50.

Grain.—A fair demand for Wheat and holders are firm, especially for prime white; the sales are 3000 bush. prime white Genesee at $2, and 1000 bush. red Long Island at $1 35—the latter price above the market. Rye is very quiet at $1. Barley is quiet at $1@$1 08. Oats are in fair demand at 49@50c for State and Western, and 46@47c for Jersey. Corn opened quiet but closed rather lower and more active at the decline; sales of 36,000 bush. at 76@77c for Southern mixed, and 79c for Southern white and yellow; 75@78c for round Northern and Jersey yellow; Western mixed is inactive at 77@78c.

Provisions.—A fair demand for Pork, but with increased arrivals prices are rather lower; sales 700 bbls. at $15 44@$15 50 for Mess; $17 25 for clear, and $13@$13 12½ for Prime. Beef is in good request and very firm; sales of 400 bbls at $14 for repacked Chicago; $9@$11 50 for country mess, and $10@$8 for country and city Prime. Prime Mess is in better demand; sales of 550 tcs. Ohio at about previous prices. Beef Hams are better and in fair demand; sales of 30 bbls. at $15@$17. Cut Meats are heavy; sales of 185 casks at 6@6¾c. for Shoulders in pickle, and 8@8½c. for do Hams. Lard is heavy; sales of 2,000 bbls. at 9½@9¾c; included in the sales are 1,500 bbls. for June and July delivery at 9¾c. Butter is steady and quiet. Cheese is in fair request at 10@12c.

Hops are quiet; sales 20 bales Eastern and Western at 35@40c, according to quality.

L. HESLER'S

Tailoring Emporium!

L. Hesler, having recently returned from New York with a good assorted stock of Broadcloths,

Cassimeres, Vestings, Spring Ties, Collars, &c., &c., offers them for sale to his former customers and the public generally, at prices that can not help being satisfactory. The cloth will be sold by the yard to suit purchasers.

REPORTS OF FASHIONS, are received Monthly. And hence he is enabled to cut and make up clothes, always in the latest style.

☞ Cutting done at short notice, and warranted to fit, if properly made up.

WEBSTER'S Building, foot of Canal St. n29y

COME AND SEE.—The subscriber, wishing to leave this place, offers for sale his House and Lot, situated in the west end of Fort Plain Village—the same being a bargain to any one who desires to purchase.

He will also sell out his Lease, Furniture, &c., in his Eating Saloon and Bowling Alley—affording a fine opportunity for a person with a capital of two hundred dollars, to make a profitable investment. Inquire of the subscriber.

DAVID E. CASLER.

Fort Plain, March 21, 1854. n2tf

CONGRESS BLACKING.—The great thing is discovered. E. Z. HAZARD after five years experimenting, has at last discovered a composition which will beautifully polish and at the same time oil and render the leather soft and pliable.

To be had in Fort Plain only of my agent, J. B. JOHNSON.

E. C. HAZARD, Proprietor,
No. 6 Erie Building, Dunne St., N. Y.

n2m1

PREMIUM TOBACCO AND SEGARS.

J. B. HOFFMAN & CO., successors to W. H. Rice, manufacturers of PREMIUM HONEY DEW CHEWING TOBACCO, No. 78 South Pearl Street, Albany, N. Y.

Received first Premium at Albany Co. Fair, Bethlehem, 1853!

Received first Premium at the State Fair, Saratoga, 1853!!

Received first Premium at the American Institute, New York, 1853!!!

Received first Premium at the Worlds Fair, New York 1853!!!!

J. B. Hoffman & Co., tender their thanks for the patronage received from the people of the Mohawk Valley and respectfully asks a continuance of their trade. n2m3

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS.—The growth of 1853.—The subscriber begs to inform his friends and customers, that he is now daily receiving his fresh Garden and Flower Seeds, and has now in store a general assortment from the most reliable sources, both foreign and domestic. Among the more important and for first sowing in hot beds, he would name:—Early York Sugar loaf and Batterses Cabbage; Early Ox-Heart, a French variety of unequalled quality for both heading and delicacy of flavor; it comes in use immediately after the York, and is of equal delicacy; fine early Cauliflowers, Cape Brocoli, Early Prince Albert Peas, Dodo Nutt, Blue Imperial, and other renowned Garden Peas, Early Scarlet, Short Top Radish, best early Lettuces, Purple Egg Plant, Apple or Raveripe Tomato &c.

From his long experience in the business as Seedsman, and unequalled correspondence both at home and abroad, he hopes to merit an increased continuance of patronage. His assortment of Field Turnips, Carrots and Beets, is not to be surpassed. And in the Flower Garden Department every variety to be found in London and Paris is regularly sent out; the finest German Asters and Balsams, with 500 numerous a list of annuals to put in an advertisement. Gladiolus, Floribunda Roots, Tiger Flowers, Double Tuberose, Double Dahlias, and many other desirable Spring Bulbs. Canary Birds of the finest song. Fancy Cages in great variety; Fresh Canary and other Bird Seed; Glass Fountains, &c. Traders supplied.

WM. THORBURN, Albany Seed Store,
471 Broadway, cor. Maiden Lane. n2tw

STILL ANOTHER.

St. Louis, Mo.

MR. EDITOR: As a matter of great importance to the afflicted, I wish to make the following statement: About six years ago, my wife was attacked with a slight stroke of dumb palsy. The whole of her right side and limbs were partially paralysed. A doctor was called, who bled her very copiously in the right arm, which relieved her, and she had no more symptoms of paralsis, until last fall, when the right arm gradually became weak and powerless. Both limbs and the whole of her right side soon became perfectly benumbed, and all voluntary motion was entirely suspended. She was bled again, but without any relief. Even her tongue became paralysed, so that she could not, at times, speak so as to be understood. She had a brother, Thomas Utley, a boy 14 years old, who had some time previously been cured of a very severe attack of the same disease, by the use of three bottles of the *MUSTANG LINIMENT*, and we determined to try it in her case, as she had been under the treatment of doctors for several months, without any apparent benefit. I obtained one bottle and commenced bathing the whole affected side and limbs. The effect was truly astonishing. In less than a month, every symptom of the disease had disappeared. She can use her limbs as freely as ever, and *no impediment what. ever* exists in her articulation. In fact, she is perfectly cured; and we bless the day we were induced to use this invaluable Liniment.

EDWARD UPMEYER.

Business Directory.

W. H. BENNETT,
Dealer in Books, Periodicals, Stationary, Groceries, Provisions, &c., Canal St.

JACOB WENDELL,
Attorney & Counsellor at Law, Solicitor & Counsellor in Equity, Justice of the Peace, Ex-Officio Commissioner of Deeds. Office over J. H. Babcock's