Buffalo Morning Express.

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MORNING EXPRESS

British and American Trade.

From the Washington Chronicle.

It is interesting to note the current of trade between the United States and Great Britain since the commencement of the present civil war, in comparison with that which existed in times of peace. The blockades of the Southern ports has, for the time, almost entirely suspended the trade in cotton, and this article having for many years contributed the basis of commerce between the two countries, will deserve the first attention. From a table of British imports from the United States, which we find in the report on our "foreign and domestic commerce," we find the following statement of the raw cotton importation, in owts: For the year 1856, 6,904,648; for 1857, 5,846,954; for 1858, 7,439,623; for 1859, 8,946,662; for 1860, 9,961,800; for 1861, 7,316,409; for 1862, 120,762. A owt, is something more than the fourth part of a bale; so that the receipt of cotton in Great Britain from the United States for the first six years of the series had been from above one and a half to more than two million bales; while in 1862 the amount was less than thirty thousand bales. The value of the export of 1860 was £39,089,300, or nearly $140,000,000; that of 1862 was only £1,221,277, or only about $6,000,000. In the single article of cotton, therefore, our trade with Great Britain has sustained a loss of $140,000,000.

On the other hand, there has been some offset furnished in the increased export of other articles. The other table shows gratifying progress:

EXPORT OF PRINCIPAL PRODUCTS OF THE UNITED STATES TO GREAT BRITAIN

Articles.	1860.	1861.	1862.
Ashes	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wheat	1,192,000	2,128,000	3,000,000
Flour	132	351,000	1,077,000
Meats & bacon	1,000,000	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lard	311,000	1,000,000	[illegible]
Tallow	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rice	[illegible]	12,782	[illegible]
Cotton	[illegible]	1,015,000	[illegible]
Tobacco	101,133	70,000	[illegible]
	[illegible]	1,000,000	1,000,000
	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

There has been a great increase in the export to Great Britain of a number of other articles, and especially of breadstuffs. In 1859-'60 the value of wheat and flour exported was $4,589,000; in 1860-'61 it was $44,622,000. In 1861-'62 it was $39,111,000; and 1862-'63 it was $17,837,000. The value of the export of Indian corn and meal was, in 1859-'60, $1,113,000; in 1860-'61 it was $5,611,000; in 1861-'62 it was $8,588,000 and 1862-'63 it was $1,678,000. The aggregate of these items of increased trade have made considerable amends for the loss of the cotton export.

It is a noticeable fact, that of British exports to the United States the proportion of "foreign and colonial produce" is greatly on the increase. Thus: In 1857 Great Britain exported to the United States "of the produce and manufacture of the United Kingdom," $21,891,945, and of "foreign and colonial produce" $3,290,227. In 1860 the proportions of these descriptions of values exported to this country were respectively $19,188,420 and $9,024,117; and in 1862 $20,846,201 of the first and $3,454,819 of the latter.

Great Britain imports the greatest proportion of the raw materials of her manufactures from her colonies or possessions, or from foreign countries. Cotton, from various countries, in vast quantities; wool from South America, South Africa, Australia, and other colonies, hemp and flax from Russia. These articles constitute the basis of her textile fabrics, and make her the centre of the trade and commerce of the world, and enable her to become the common factor, or medium of exchange between nations. Our direct trade with Russia, and with several other large European States, is very inconsiderable; and we are indebted to Great Britain for much of the products of these countries we need. It is not flattering to American vanity to find that our imports from and exports to the vast empire of Russia, whose governments at the same time our good friend, amounts to less than three millions of dollars—less, indeed, than our trade with the small Island of Porto Rico; and that it is at the same time declining. It may be hoped that when this war is ended efforts will be made to open new channels of trade with Russia, and with the other continental powers.

We have seen that the British exports of foreign or colonial products are on the increase; and we now proceed to show that in the trade of this country the opposite tendency is visible. For several years following 1793, the export of foreign merchandise from this country exceeded that of domestic produce, and for seventeen years the average of the former was greater than that of the latter. But since the termination of the last war with England the reverse has been true—at first in the proportions of two or three of domestic to one of foreign, but with a steady increase of the former over the latter, until of late years the domestic exports have exceeded the foreign by from eight or ten to one. Thus, in 1806 the domestic produce exported was $41,253,727, and the foreign merchandise exported was $60,283,236. In 1835 the exports of the former kind amounted in value to $101,189,063, and of the latter to $20,504,495; in 1850 the domestic exports amounted to $373,189,274, the foreign to $20,933,022.

We by no means regard these facts as indicating an unhealthy state of affairs, but the contrary. It is apparent that the development of industrial enterprise and industry in our vast and fertile country, as well as of the improved facilities for getting to market have been more rapid than the increase of our shipping and commerce. This is as it should be. Our shipping has, relatively, more home produce to export than in the earlier days of the Republic, when it was exceedingly difficult, if not impossible, to get bulky articles to market.

The receipts of cotton into England for the three calendar years commencing with 1859, were as follows: For 1859, 961,707,224 pounds, worth $136,824,762; for 1860, 1,115,891,728 pounds, worth $145,537,340; and for 1861, 810,622,928 pounds, worth $129,081,731. This immense trade, as we have seen, is now almost wholly suspended.

Among the commodities which are rising into importance as articles of export, as well as of domestic use, is petroleum. In 1861, only 139,608 gallons were exported; in 1862, 4,074,583 gallons; and in 1863, 8,147,202 gallons, worth $2,738,391.

Photographs of a Dead Person's Eye.

As our readers are aware, a belief has been entertained by some persons that the last impression made on the retina of a person before death remains there, and can be photographed. In Florence lately, a woman named Emilie Spagnoli was murdered, and a photograph of her eyes taken. A cloudy impression was the result, and is declared by some to bear a striking likeness to the features of a man who has been arrested as the suspected assassin. The matter has been referred to a number of distinguished artists, and men of science—to Hiram Powers, among others. Mr. Powers records his opinion thus:

As a whole there is no face in the photograph taken from the eye of the murdered woman, but there is the appearance of a mouth and chin, also of skirtings, so to speak, of an outline (very dim) in the upper parts, but more distinct in the lower parts) of a general human head. But all this is so dim as not to be recognized, except in connection with the mouth and chin.

The latter certainly bears a strong resemblance to the supposed murderer. There are no eyes; and although there is something like a nose, it is out of place, and should go for nothing. The absence (total) of shadows about the eyes, or, indeed, of any indication whatever of feature about the mouth and chin, strongly effect the probability that this photograph gives us anything more than can be accounted for by mere accidental changes of forms of or on the optic nerve.

Mr. Revan thinks there is a strong resemblance between the mouth and the lower features in the magnified photograph of the eye, and Mr. Henry Ward expresses the same view. Mr. Wm. Wilson says that there is possibly a faint resemblance to a human face in the photographed image, but does not believe it sufficiently clear and distinct for any conclusion to be formed from it. The police authorities do not place any dependence on this curious evidence.

TELEGRAPH NEWS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—Gen. Lee gives the following doleful account of the fighting below Petersburg:

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA, February 6.

To Gen. S. Cooper:

The enemy moved a strong force yesterday to Hatcher's Run, part of his infantry with Gregg's cavalry crossed and proceeded on the Vaughan road, the infantry to Cattail Creek, the cavalry to Dinwiddie Court House, where its advance encountered a portion of our cavalry and retired. In the afternoon part of Hill's and Gordon's troops demonstrated against the enemy on the left of Hatcher's Run, near Armstrong's Mill. Finding him entrenched they withdrew after dark. During the night the force that had advanced beyond the creek, returned to it, and were reported to be recrossing. This morning Pegram's division moved to the right bank of the creek to reconnoitre, when it was vigorously attacked. The battle was obstinately contested several hours, but Gen. Pegram being killed while bravely encouraging his men, and Col. Huffman wounded, some confusion occurred, and the division was pressed back to its original position. Evans' division was ordered by Gen. Gordon to the support of Pegram's, and checked the enemy and forced him back, but was in turn compelled to retire. Mahone's division arriving, the enemy was driven rapidly to the defences on Hatcher's Run. Our loss is reported to be small. That of the enemy is not supposed to be great.

(o good) R. E. LEE.

The Tribune's special from headquarters on the 7th says: Among the wounded in the fight between the 5th corps and the enemy, on the Boydton plank road last night, were Gen. Ayres, commanding the 2d division, 5th corps, in the shoulder, severely; Gen. Gwin, commanding the 2d brigade, 2d division, in the foot, slightly—still on duty; Capt Gawthrop, Adj't Gen 3d brigade, 2d division, hip, slightly; Major Carter, Inspector General 3d brigade, 2d division, neck, slightly. It is reported to dry that we have 600 rebel prisoners.

I. P. M.—More entrenching tools and rations are coming up, and it is the determination to hold the five miles gained on the left of our fortified lines, at all hazards. This gain, as I have said, brings us to the Boydton plank road, and within artillery range of the South Side Railroad. Thus Lee has again been outgeneraled, and another Yankee trick played upon the main army of the Confederacy.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, 8th, 8 o'clock.—A bright sunny morning dawns upon army operations, cheering the hearts of the brave soldiers who have just endured and accomplished so much. The new gain of five miles on our left is being strongly fortified this morning and will be held at all hazards. This is a magnificent gain for us, and a corresponding to the enemy. The cavalry are still reconnoitering in the west and southwest. It has been developed by this movement that Lee had sent several divisions of his troops against Sherman, thus materially weakening his line here. Our army line railroad is to be immediately pushed out to the Boydton plank road, and will soon, no doubt, be connected with the South Side railroad.

During the discussion in the rebel Senate, on Monday last, on the bill to place slaves in the army, Jeff. Davis' opponents again dealt out their denunciation on him for not restoring Gen. Joe Johnston to command.

Mr. Semmes, of La., one of Jeff.'s supporters, gave them to understand that all their abuse would have no effect, and that Gen. Johnston would not be again placed in an important position, because he was deemed incompetent.

The House amendment, placing no limitation on the number of negroes to be conscripted, was adopted by a vote of twelve to eight.

Breckinridge has been confirmed as rebel Sec'y of War, and Gen. Echols has succeeded his command.

The Herald's Key West correspondent says: The wreckers have set fire to and totally burned all that portion of the U. S. steamer San Jacinto, wrecked a short time ago on No Name Key, Bahamas. They afterwards attacked the shipwrecked officers, but were stoutly resisted. Though a number of shots were exchanged, no one was reported as injured.

Two more English blockade runners, the schooners Augusta and Fanny McRae, captured by the U. S. steamer Honeysuckle and schooner Fox, had arrived at Key West.

The Herald's New Orleans correspondent says: Supplies have been forwarded to our prisoners at Camps Grace and Ford, in Texas. Col. Dwight has no doubt these supplies have been delivered, as in all cases in which he has sent money to our prisoners, he has received receipts from them afterwards.

The Tribune learns from Mr. Benjamin Holladay, the contractor for the Overland Mail Route, that the report of the reopening of that line was an error. For a distance of 380 miles his stations are destroyed and the stock withdrawn. The business cannot be resumed until the stations are rebuilt and corn and forage supplied.

The report published yesterday was founded on dispatches received at the office of Butterfield's Express in this city.

The Richmond Dispatch says that the meeting called by Governor Smith on the reception of the news of the result of the peace interview, was more largely attended than any meeting ever held in Richmond.

Jeff. Davis made a speech. He said he had entertained but little of effecting honorable terms so long as the cause was meeting with reverses, yet in deference to the sufferings of the people, he had consented to make the effort, and attempt to obtain that independence which no other power on earth but the Yankees would think of denying.

As to the conditions of peace, Davis emphatically asserted that nothing save the independence of the Confederacy would ever receive his sanction, with the approval of Providence, which he conscientiously believed was on their side, and the united resolve of the people, he doubted not that victory would yet crown their labors. Before reuniting he would yield up everything he had on earth, and sacrifice a thousand lives. He spoke three-quarters of an hour in this strain.

A series of resolutions spurning President Lincoln's terms, expressive of gratitude to the soldiers, and pledging lives, fortune and sacred honor to the cause was adopted. Loud calls were made for Stephens and Hunter, but they did not report.

A great war meeting was called to meet on Thursday, (yesterday,) at which Davis, Stephens, Hunter and other leading men were announced to speak.

In the rebel Senate, on Monday, Mr. Semmes, of La., in reply to a demand for reinstating Gen. Joe Johnston, said that General had never won a pitched battle, that in the retreat from Dalton he lost twenty-two thousand men, and that it was his intention to abandon Atlanta. Wigfall of Texas, defended Johnston and denounced the administration.

Charles Tresmond, a federal citizen prisoner, held as a hostage for Johnston S. Palmer, a Virginia citizen prisoner in Albany penitentiary, has been released in exchange for the latter.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, Feb. 8.—The result of yesterday's engagement was more important than reported in my last dispatch, the particulars of which were not fully known here at the time I sent it off.

When the 5th corps fell back to the line of works at Hatcher's Run, on Monday night, the enemy did not follow very vigorously, nor did they make any attempt to storm the position. It was believed, however, they would do so yesterday morning, but up to noon no sign of an attack appeared, nor did the rebels seem to be in force in the vicinity.

It was therefore determined to send a reconnoissance out on the ground occupied by us the day previous, and ascertain where the rebels were and if possible to drive them back to their works at Dabney's Mills.

Gen. Crawford's division of the 5th corps having led the advance the day before and being best acquainted with the nature of the country, was selected for the duty which they performed to the entire satisfaction of the Commanding General.

The column moved about noon taking the Dabney mill road, and after advancing about half a mile struck the rebel pickets who fell back as our man advanced. Line of battle was then formed, the right resting on Hatcher's Run, and left supported by part of General Wheaton's command of the 6th corps.

The entire line then advanced cautiously through the thick woods on each side of the road, when a sharp engagement immediately followed. The rebels were speedily driven back until they took refuge behind their works at a mill when they made a determined stand.

Fighting was kept up till dark, when our men commenced throwing up light breastworks to protect themselves.

The rebels did not seem disposed to attack again as they had done the day previous, and the object of the movement having been accomplished by the development of their position, our troops were withdrawn to their former ground on the Vaughan road, in the vicinity of which strong works have been erected.

Notice.

AT A MEETING OF THE CORPORATORS of the

AMERICAN SALT AND LUMBER MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

held at Company being organized for the purpose of manufacturing Salt and Lumber in Saginaw, Michigan, it was resolved that the books of subscription to the first block be opened on the 5th of January at the following named places, viz:

New York City, with Alex. Mitchell, Esq., Office of American Express Co.,
Albany, New York, with R. S. Johnson, Esq., 11 and 13 Exchange Building,
Little Falls, N. Y., with A. G. Geddes, Esq., Cashier Herkimer Co. Bank,
Cherry Valley, N. Y., with John Judd, Esq.,
Utica, N. Y., with Chas. M. Barnard, Esq.,
Rochester, N. Y., with Hon. James C. Mott, Mayor of the City,
Buffalo, N. Y., with Hon. Wm. G. Fargo, at Mayor's Office,
Detroit, Mich., with Chas. Fargo, Esq.,
Chicago, Ill., with Hon. Wm. B. Ogden,
Boston, Mass., with Wm. H. Moore and Court street.

That all information as to the character of the property, its value, and prospects of the company, the terms of the subscription, &c., &c., be placed at the disposal of the public upon application to any of the above named or to the

Officers of the Company.

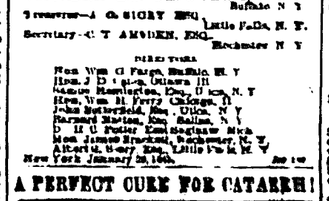
President—HON. JAMES BRACKETT, Rochester, N. Y.
Vice President—HON. WM. G. FARGO, Buffalo, N. Y.
Treasurer—A. G. SIGHT, ESQ., Little Falls, N. Y.
Secretary—C. T. AMSDEN, ESQ., Rochester, N. Y.

DIRECTORS.

Hon. Wm. G. Fargo, Buffalo, N. Y.
Hon. Jas. D. Ely, Utica, N. Y.
Hamilton Ramsdale, Esq., Detroit, Mich.
Hon. Wm. B. Ferry, Chicago, Ill.
John Butterfield, Esq., Utica, N. Y.
Farmer Milton, Esq., Salina, N. Y.
D. H. U. Potter, East Saginaw, Mich.
Hon. James Brackett, Rochester, N. Y.
Albert G. Sweet, Esq., Little Falls, N. Y.

New York, January 28, 1865. jan 30

A PERFECT CURE FOR CATARRH!



AND PROOF OF TREATMENT IS

THE ACME OF PERFECTION.

It penetrates the secret ambush of this terrible disease, and exterminates it, root and branch, forever.

It removes all the wretched symptoms of this loathsome malady, and starts cause action.

It cleans the head, deodorizes the breath, and affords the most grateful relief.

It alleviates more agony and silent sufferings than tongue can tell.

It is noted for curing the most helpless cases, that every known means had failed in.

It cures Hay, Rose and Periodic Catarrh, of the most obstinate and violent types.

No form of Catarrhal noises in the head can resist its penetrating power.

Dr. Goodale has now spent a lifetime in battling with this foul disease. His triumph is complete.

Dr. Goodale's Catarrh Remedy is a harmless liquid, is inhaled from the palm of the hand.

Dr. R. Goodale is known throughout the Country as the Author of the only True Theory of Catarrh ever published. Where its Origin—What its Ravages—Mode of Treatment—and Rapid Cure in all its forms.

Dr. Goodale's Pamphlet on Catarrh should be read by every one. It can be obtained at our nearest Agency, or by sending a postage stamp to our office.

Price One Dollar per Bottle.

Moxsom & Co., Sole Agents, 21 Hooker street, New York.

Sold by O. H. P. CHAMPLIN & CO., Main street, and by Druggists. jan-1y

NEW GOODS RECEIVED

AT THE REDUCED PRICES,

And Stock Marked Down,

TO CORRESPOND,

AT CROSSLAND'S

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BONNET WAREROOMS

89 AND 91 SENECA STREET.

Next Door to Post Office.

Always on Hand, a Large Assortment of Made and Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.

PROMPT ATTENTION PAID TO ORDERS. ocst

REMOVAL.

H. M. MONTGOMERY,

OF THE LATE FIRM OF

BIRGE & CO.,

TAKES PLEASURE IN INFORMING his friends and the public that, having purchased the interest of the Old Established Paper-Hanging business of

N. Wilgus, Esq., 225 Main St.,

He will for the next 30 days, or until further notice, sell the entire stock of

PAPER HANGINGS

Borders, Window Shades,

AT PRICES THAT WILL ASTONISH THE PEOPLE.

Previous to retiring the store and receiving the Choicest stock of NEW GOODS ever brought to Buffalo.

Having associated his brother with him in business, it will be carried on by

MONTGOMERY BROS.,

fel-1m 225 Main Street.

CLOTHES PINS—200 boxes headed pins, in full count boxes, cheap, at

BARNUM'S Great Variety Store.

DYSPEPSIA,

AND

DISEASES RESULTING FROM

DISORDERS OF THE LIVER

AND DIGESTIVE ORGANS,

ARE CURED BY

HOOFLAND'S

GERMAN BITTERS

THE GREAT

STRENGTHENING TONIC.

These Bitters

HAVE PERFORMED MORE CURES,

Have and Do Give Better Satisfaction

HAVE MORE TESTIMONY,

Have More Respectable People to Vouch for Them,

Than any other article in the market.

We defy any one to contradict this assertion, and will pay $1,000 to any one than will produce a certificate published by us that is not genuine.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS

Will cure every case of CHRONIC OR NERVOUS DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS, and diseases arising from a Disordered Stomach.

Observe the following symptoms, resulting from Diseases of the digestive organs:

Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dyspepsia, Yellow Skin, Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

REMEMBER

THAT THIS BITTERS IS

NOT ALCOHOLIC

CONTAINS NO RUM OR WHISKEY

AND CAN'T MAKE DRUNKARDS,

BUT

Is the Best Tonic,

IN THE WORLD.

READ WHO SAYS SO!

From Rev Leo G Rack.
From Rev Leo G Rack.
From Rev Leo G Rack.
From Rev Leo G Rack.
From Rev Leo G Rack.
From Rev Leo G Rack.

Pastor of the Baptist Church, Pemberton, N. J., formerly of the North Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

I have known Hoofland's German Bitters favorably for a number of years, and have used them in my family, and have both on a number with their effects that I was induced to recommend them to many others, as I never knew them to be reported to a unfavorably beneficial influence. I take great pleasure in thus publicly recommending the fact, and calling the attention of the afflicted to the disease for which they are recommended, as these Bitters, according from experience that my recommendation will be sustained. I do this unsolicited, as Hoofland's Bitters is intended to benefit the afflicted, and is "not a quack nostrum."

Yours, truly, DAVID BECK.

From Rev J Newton Brown, D D.
From Rev J Newton Brown, D D.
From Rev J Newton Brown, D D.
From Rev J Newton Brown, D D.
From Rev J Newton Brown, D D.
From Rev J Newton Brown, D D.
From Rev J Newton Brown, D D.

Editor of the Encyclopedia of Religious Knowledge, and Christian Chronicle, Philadelphia.

Although not disposed to favor or recommend Patent Medicines in general, through distrust of their ingredients and effects, I yet know of no sufficient reason why a man may not honestly in the benevolent in the hope that he may thus contribute to the benefit of others.

I feel this the more readily in regard to Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by C. M. Jackson, of this city, because I was prepossessed against them by many recommendations that they were blackguarded to me by a number of my friends, Robert Shoemaker, Esq., for the removal of this prejudice by properly testing, and by encouragement to try them when other remedies failed to afford me relief. I speak of three bottles of them taken at the beginning of the present year, was followed by a vigorous and permanent improvement in my health and mental vigor which I had not felt for years, and I have recommended them to my friends, and have almost dispaired of Physicians. I therefore thank God and my friend for directing me to their use of them.

J. NEWTON BROWN, Philadelphia.

From the Rev Jos H Kennard.
From the Rev Jos H Kennard.
From the Rev Jos H Kennard.
From the Rev Jos H Kennard.
From the Rev Jos H Kennard.

Pastor of the 16th Baptist Church.

Dr Jackson—Dear Sir: I have been frequently requested to connect my name with commendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as of a very inappropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined. But a close proof in various instances, and particularly in my family of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that, for general debility of the system, and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation. In some cases it may fail, but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes.

Yours, very respectfully

J. H. MENNARD,

Eighth, below Coates street, Philadelphia.

From Rev Warren Randolph,
From Rev Warren Randolph,
From Rev Warren Randolph,
From Rev Warren Randolph,
From Rev Warren Randolph,
From Rev Warren Randolph,

Pastor of Baptist Church, Germantown, Penn.

Dr. C. M. Jackson—Dear Sir: Personal experience enables me to say that I regard the German Bitters prepared by you as a most excellent medicine. In cases of severe cold and general debility I have been greatly benefited by the use of the Bitters, and doubt not they will produce similar effects on others.

Yours, truly, WARREN RANDOLPH,

Germantown Pa.

From Rev J H Turner,
From Rev J H Turner,
From Rev J H Turner,
From Rev J H Turner,
From Rev J H Turner,
From Rev J H Turner,

Pastor of Redding M. E. Church, Philadelphia.

Dr. Jackson—Dear Sir: Having used your German Bitters in my family frequently, I am prepared to say that it has been of great service. I believe them a good tonic of general debility of the system, it is the safest and most valuable remedy of which I have any knowledge. Yours, respectfully, J. H. TURNER,

No. 738 N. Nineteenth street.

From the Rev J M Lyons,
From the Rev J M Lyons,
From the Rev J M Lyons,
From the Rev J M Lyons,
From the Rev J M Lyons,
From the Rev J M Lyons,

Formerly Pastor of the Columbus (N. J.) and Mileston (Pa.) Baptist Churches.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.

Dr. C. M. Jackson—Dear Sir: I feel it a pleasure thus, of my own accord, to bear testimony to the good effect of the German Bitters. Some years since I was much afflicted with Dyspepsia, I used them with very beneficial results. I have often recommended them to persons embedded by that tormenting disease, and have heard from them the most flattering testimonials as to their great value. In cases of general debility, I believe it to be a tonic that cannot be surpassed.

J. M. LYONS.

From the Rev Thomas Winter, D D,
From the Rev Thomas Winter, D D,
From the Rev Thomas Winter, D D,
From the Rev Thomas Winter, D D,
From the Rev Thomas Winter, D D,
From the Rev Thomas Winter, D D,

Pastor of Moxborough Baptist Church.

Dr Jackson—Dear Sir: I feel it due to your excellent preparation, Hoofland's German Bitters, to add my testimony to the deserved reputation it has obtained. I have for years, at times been troubled with great debility in my head and nervous system. I was advised by a friend to try a bottle of your German Bitters; I did so and have experienced great and unexpected relief; my health has been very materially benefited. I confidently recommend the article where I meet with cases similar to my own, and have been assured by many of its good effects.

Respectfully, yours, T. WINTER,

Moxborough, Pa.

From Rev J S Herman,
From Rev J S Herman,
From Rev J S Herman,
From Rev J S Herman,
From Rev J S Herman,

Of the German Reformed Church, Kutztown, Berks County, Pa.

Dr C. M. Jackson—Respected Sir: I have been troubled with Dyspepsia nearly twenty years, and have never used any Medicine that did me as much good as Hoofland's Bitters. I am very much improved in health, after having taken five bottles.

Yours, with respect, J. S. HERMAN.

PRICES.

Large size (holding nearly double quantity,) $1 50 per bottle—half doz. $8 00.
Small size—75 cents per bottle—and doz. $4 00.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

See that the signature of "C. M. JACKSON" is on the Wrapper of each bottle.

Should your nearest druggist not have the article, do not be put off by any of the intoxicating preparations that may be offered in its place, but send to us, and we will forward, securely packed, by express.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE AND MANUFACTORY,

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(SUCCESSORS TO C. M. JACKSON & CO.)

PROPRIETORS

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THAT SPACIOUS THREE STORY Brick House No 115 East Eagle, finished in the best style of modern architecture, with gas, water, bathing tub, &c. Will be sold at $6,000, to the middle of the block, or an additional lot joining this on the north, and fronting 37 feet on Clinton street, will be sold with it at $10 000.

Also, that fine residence No. 331 Washington street, being a two story brick house with fine dry basement and attic, with gas, water and bathing tub. The house is in the very best order, not a dollar of improvement required. The house, with its lot 100 feet of land will be sold at $6 000. On this property, in connection with a lot 67 by 110 joining it on the east, there is a fine brick barn and a great variety of fruit trees and grape vines, fronting on Ellicott street, which will be sold at $18,000.

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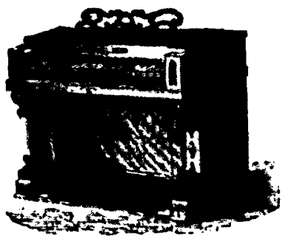

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